

وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي جهاز الإشراف والتقويم العلمي دائرة ضمان الجودة والاعتماد الأكاديمي قسم الاعتماد

دليل وصف البرنامج الأكاديمي والمقرر

العام الدراسي 2025-2024

نموذج وصف البرنامج الأكاديمي

اسم الجامعة: جامعة ديالي

الكلية/ المعهد: كلية العلوم

القسم العلمي: قسم جيولوجيا النفط والمعادن

اسم البرنامج الأكاديمي او المهنى: جيولوجيا النفط والمعادن

اسم الشهادة النهائية: بكالوريوس في جيولوجيا النفط والمعادن

النظام الدراسي: مسار بولونيا

تاريخ اعداد الوصف: 20-10-2024

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التاريخ 1/2/2005 التوفيع: الت

مصادقة السيد العميد

ا.د. طه محمد حسن

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University of Diyala جامعة ديالي



First Cycle — Bachelor's Degree (B.Sc.) -Petroleum Geology and Minerals - بكالوريوس جيولوجيا النفط والمعادن



|Table of Contentsجول المحتويات

1. Mission & Vision Statement | بيان المهمة والرؤية |

2. Program Specification | مواصفات البرنامج

3. Program (Objectives) Goals | أهداف البرنامج

4. Program Student learning outcomes | مخرجات تعلم الطالب

5. Academic Staff | الهيئة التدريسية

6. Credits, Grading and GPA | الاعتمادات والدرجات والمعدل التراكمي |

7. Modules | المواد الدراسية

8. Contact | اتصال

1. Mission & Vision Statement

Vision Statement

The Department of Petroleum Geology and Mineral at University of Diyala looks forward to being a leading department in the fields of oil and minerals and their various applications with a view to harnessing all available resources to serve society. It also looks forward to making an effective contribution to the achievement of the objectives of the development plans of our country.

Mission Statement

The Petroleum Geology and Minerals academic staff pursues a multifaceted charge at University of Diyala. The Program seeks to prepare qualified cadres with scientific and practical knowledge, concepts and skills that will enable them to perform their functions efficiently and efficiently. It is also committed to keep abreast of new developments in various disciplines in Earth sciences and to participating actively in the service of society within the College plan in this field and in line with local and global quality and academic programs.

2. **Program Specification**

Program code:	BSc-Geo	ECTS	240
Duration:	4 levels, 8 Semesters	Method of Attendance:	Full Time

The Department of Petroleum Geology and Mineral was introduced in the 2012-2013 school year to be the first specialized department in the fields of oil and minerals to be opened at the science faculties of Iraqi universities. The section examines various theoretical and practical aspects relating to the natural wealth and the ways in which it is discovered, produced and assessed in its reserves and distribution. It examines the types of geological structures, oil deposits, the distribution of minerals, the analysis of satellite images for geological survey purposes, and the application of the latest computer techniques to keep pace with scientific development in the field of oil and minerals. The department has a good relationship with local oil companies and with many institutions that have a relationship with geology, also seeks to build relationships with international oil companies operating in Iraq in order to train students and exchange experiences.

Level 1 exposes students to the fundamentals of Geology, suitable for progression to all programs within the Geology program group like general geology and crystallography and mineralogy. Program-specific core topics are covered at Level 2 preparing for research-led subject specialist modules at Levels 3 and 4.

At Levels 2, 3 and 4 students will take modules that reflect the complexity like stratigraphy, through sedimentology and sedimentary rocks, hydrology, paleontology, microfacies, petroleum geology and reservoirs, to ensure the breadth of knowledge expected of a graduate with a Petroleum Geology degree. This allows students to develop their own wide-ranging interests in petroleum geology. Decisions on what to study are made with input from personal tutors.

The research ethos is developed and fostered from the start via practical's, which are either embedded in lecture modules or taught in dedicated practical modules, research seminars and tutorials. There is a compulsory field course in Level 1, which students must pass in order to progress into Level 2, at Level 4 all students carry out an independent research project, which may be a 50 credit library or data analysis project, or a 50 credit field or laboratory based project.

Academic tutorials are held at Levels 1 and 2 with the same tutor, who is also the personal tutor, providing continuity and progressive guidance. Level 1 and 2 tutorials include a number of workshops to teach skills, e.g., library use and presentation skills, followed by assessed exercises, e.g., essays and talks, as opportunities to practice these skills in a subject-specific context.

International years and Industrial placements are also offered and individual needs are discussed with the appropriate tutor and accommodated wherever possible.

3. **Program Objectives**

- 1- To creation and preparation of qualified human capacities capable of exploring and exploiting the natural wealth that God has situated in this blessed land.
- 2- Preparation of outstanding scientific staff to complete their scientific studies (Master and Ph.D.) as a supplement to the scientific cadres available in the department.

- 3- Increased interaction and cooperation with institutions and bodies working in the field of earth sciences in general and oil and minerals in particular.
- 4- To develop the applied scientific potential of affiliates and students by opening up to applied scientific institutions and world specialized companies through the conduct of applied training courses outside and within Iraq.
- 5- To provision of advisory services to the public and private sectors in various fields of geological specialization.

4. **Student Learning Outcomes**

Outcome 1

Identification of Complex Relationships

Graduates will be able to illustrate the structure of earth and relationships of geology with other sciences.

Outcome 2

Oral and Written Communication

Graduates will be able to formally communicate the results of geological investigations using both oral and written communication skills.

Outcome 3

Laboratory and Field Studies

Graduates will be able to perform laboratory experiments and field works, by using scientific equipment and computer technology while observing appropriate safety protocols.

Outcome 4

Scientific Knowledge

Graduates will be able to demonstrate a balanced concept of how scientific knowledge develops, including the historical development of foundational theories and laws and the nature of science.

Outcome 5

Data Analyses

Graduates will be able to demonstrate scientific quantitative skills, such as the ability to conduct simple data analyses.

Outcome 6

Critical Thinking

Graduates will be able to use critical-thinking and problem-solving skills to develop a research project and/or paper.

5. Academic Staff

Munther Dhahir Nsaif | Ph.D. in Geology\Geophysics | Professor

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6. Credits, Grading and GPA

Credits

Diyala University is following the Bologna Process with the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS) credit system. The total degree program number of ECTS is 240, 30 ECTS per semester. 1 ECTS is equivalent to 25 hrs student workload, including structured and unstructured workload.

Grading

Before the evaluation, the results are divided into two subgroups: pass and fail. Therefore, the results are independent of the students who failed a course. The grading system is defined as follows:

		GRADIN	IG SCHEME	
		جات	مخطط الدر-	
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks (%)	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success	B - Very Good	جید جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
Group	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
(50 - 100)	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب - قيد المعالجة	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required
Note:				

Number Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

Calculation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

1. The CGPA is calculated by the summation of each module score multiplied by its ECTS, all are divided by the program total ECTS.

CGPA of a 4-year B.Sc. degree:

CGPA = [$(1st^m odule score \times ECTS) + (2nd^m odule score \times ECTS) + (3rd^m odule score \times ECTS)] + <math>(4th^m odule score \times ECTS) / 240$

7. Curriculum/Modules

Semester 1 | 30 ECTS | 1 ECTS = 25 hrs

Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO1101	General Geology1	79	121	8.00	С	none
GEO1102	Crystallography	79	121	8.00	С	none
COS1103	Chemistry	64	61	5.00	В	none
COS1104	Mathematics 1	32	43	3.00	В	none
UOD1105	Computer	49	51	4.00	S	none
UOD1106	Arabic language	17	33	2.00	S	none

Semester 2 | 30 ECTS | 1 ECTS = 25 hrs

Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO1217	General Geology 2	79	121	8.00	С	GEO-111
GEO1218	Mineralogy	79	121	8.00	С	GEO-112
COS1209	Physics	64	61	5.00	В	
COS12110	Mathematics 2	32	43	3.00	В	SCI114
UOD12011	Democracy and human rights	17	33	2.00	S	
UOD12012	English Language	47	53	4.00	В	

Semester 3 | 30 ECTS | 1 ECTS = 25 hrs

Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO23113	Minerals chemistry	64	61	5.00	С	GEO-122
GEO23014	Igneous rocks	64	61	5.00	С	
GEO23015	Hydrology	64	61	5.00	С	
GEO23016	Geomorphology	64	61	5.00	В	
GEO23017	Paleontology	64	61	5.00	С	
GEO23018	Geophysics	64	61	5.00	С	

Semester 4 | 30 ECTS | 1 ECTS = 25 hrs

Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO24119	Optical mineralogy	64	61	5.00	С	
UD22	Arabic Language 2	64	61	2.00	В	12U
GEO24021	Engineering geology	64	61	5.00	С	
UD24	Ba'ath Regime Crimes in Iraq	64	61	2.00	В	
GEO24123	Stratigraphy	64	61	5.00	С	
GEO24024	Sedimentology	64	61	6.00	С	
UD21	English Language 2			2:00	В	UD21
UD23	Computer 2			3:00	В	UD13

Semester 5 | 30 ECTS | 1 ECTS = 25 hrs

Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO35025	Geochemistry	64	61	5.00	С	
GEO35026	Petroleum geology	79	46	5.00	С	
GEO35027	Structural geology	79	46	5.00	С	
GEO35128	Sedimentary rocks	64	61	5.00	С	GEO-226
GEO35029	Petroleum and Geologic software	64	61	5.00	С	
GEO35130	Microfossils	79	46	5.00	С	GEO-215

Semester 6 | 30 ECTS | 1 ECTS = 25 hrs

	1					
Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO36031	Research methodology	47	28	3.00	В	
GEO36032	Field geology	64	86	6.00	С	
GEO36133	Petroleum processes	79	71	6.00	С	GEO-312
GEO36134	Structural geology 2	64	61	5.00	С	GEO-313
GEO36035	Geology of Iraq	32	68	4.00	В	
GEO36136	Microfacies	79	71	6.00	С	GEO-316

Semester 7 | **30 ECTS** | **1 ECTS = 25 hrs**

Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO47037	Refraction method	79	46	5.00	С	
GEO47038	Mining Geology 1	64	61	5.00	С	
GEO47039	Well logging	79	46	5.00	С	
GEO47040	Graduation project 1	49	76	5.00	С	
GEO47041	Environmental geology	49	76	5.00	С	
GEO47042	Ores and Industrial rocks	64	61	5.00	С	

Semester 8 | 30 ECTS | 1 ECTS = 25 hrs

Code	Module	SSWL	USSWL	ECTS	Туре	Pre-request
GEO48143	Reflection method	79	46	5.00	С	GEO-411
GEO48144	Mineral exploration	79	46	5.00	С	GEO-412
GEO48145	Environmental pollution	64	36	4.00	В	GEO-415
GEO48146	Petroleum reservoirs	79	46	5.00	С	GEO-323
GEO48147	Graduation porject 2	47	78	5.00	С	GEO-414
GEO48148	Field coarse	62	88	6.00	С	GEO-322

8. Contact

Program Manager:

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Program Coordinator:

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MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	E	nglish Language		Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		S			⊠Theory	
Module Code		UOD-104			□Lecture	
					□ab	
ECTS Credits		3			☐Tutorial	
SWL (hr/sem)		100			□Practical	
(,,		200			□ Seminar	
Module Level		1	Semester o	f Deliver	у	2
Administering Dep	partment	Type Dept. Code	College	Type C	ollege Code	
Module Leader	Rafid Abdulati	f Muen	e-mail	dr.rafid	mueen@uodiya	ala.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Lecturer	Module Lea	ıder's Qu	alification	Ph.D.
Module Tutor	Name(if availa	ame(if available) e-mail		E-mail		
Peer Reviewer Na	me	Name	e-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Date	tee Approval	10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

	Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى					
Prerequisite module	None	Semester				
Co-requisites module	None	Semester				

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية					
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	 The main objectives of the syllabus are: to provide material for the students to learn pronunciation of the English sounds, to learn to read, write, and to know the fundamentals of English grammar and vocabulary; to develop the students' reading skills to enable them to skim an adapted text for main idea, to scan an adapted text for specific information, to interpret an adapted text for inferences; to develop the students' writing skills to enable them to respond to input applying information to a specified task, to elicit, to select, to summarize information in essays (140-160 words); to develop the students' listening skills to enable them to understand and apply specific information from the input (within the framework of Breakthrough level); to develop the students' speaking skills to enable them to use general, social and professional language (within the framework of Breakthrough level); to develop the students' general capacity to a level that enables them to use English in their professional and academic environment (within the framework of Breakthrough level). 				
	Speak English, to some extent, with confidence. Use and practice the language in different social situations.				
Module Learning Outcomes	Get better reading comprehension skills to improve their reading abilities to read clearly and carefully.				
Cuttomes	Master the given rules of grammar.				
5. I died tit teller	Do written tasks free from grammatical mistakes.				
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	Achieve noticeable progress in the 4 English language skills.				
	Use and function the English language skills with more confidence.				
	Prioritize the first 2 skills while learning the language.				
Indicative Contents	English language overlaps computer science discipline as it is the lingua franca for				
المحتويات الإرشادية	computing. Within the same line of thought, most computer science terminology is loaned from the English language. On account of technical restrictions of computer				

and limitations of International criteria on the Internet, internet users and software engineers along with analysts programmers, not least Computer Science students, and their instructors are required to fully use English keywords when using the network, coding and analyzing a computer program and so forth.

Learning and Teaching Strategies					
	استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
Strategies	Assessment is by coursework (10%), which integrates the following: • Individual and group oral presentations • Oral interactions (including pair work) • Written tests and tasks of various length (memoranda, notes) • Essays • Listening/ viewing • Communicating the gist of simple reading passages • Translation of simple texts on economics.				

Student Workload (SWL)					
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem)	47	Structured SWL (h/w)	_		
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	3			
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)		Unstructured SWL (h/w)	0		
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	53	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	3.5		
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	100				
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Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome	
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11	
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7	
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1				
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10	
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (20)	7	LO #1 - #7	
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All	
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)				

	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري				
	Material Covered				
Week 1	introduction to the course Planning a conference				
Week 2	Spoken reception, Written reception				
Week 3	Spoken production, Written production				
Week 4	Spoken interaction, Written interaction				
Week 5	Mediating a text				
Week 6	leading group work				
Week 7	Building on plurilingual repertoire				
Week 8	Mid exam				

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

Week 9

Sociolinguistic appropriateness

Week 10	Spoken Reception - Watching TV, film and video
Week 11	Written Reception - Reading correspondence
Week 12	Written Reception - Reading for information and argument
Week 13	Written Reception - Reading as a leisure activity
Week 14	Spoken Production - Public announcements
Week 15	Written Production - Written reports and essays
Week 16	Online Interaction - Online conversation and discussion

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)				
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر				
	Material Covered				
Week 1					
Week 2					
Week 3					
Week 4					
Week 5					
Week 6					
Week 7					

Learning and Teaching Resources						
مصادر التعلم والتدريس						
	Text Available in the Library?					
Required Texts	M.A. Шевелева. English on Economics. M., 1998. Cotton D., Falvey D., Kent S. Market Leader. Intermediate Business English. Longman, 2001.	Yes				

Recommended	
Texts	
Websites	

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	ختر	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
,	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية							
Module Title	C	omputer Science		Modu	le Delivery		
Module Type		Basic			⊠Theory		
Module Code		UMI-101			□ecture		
ECTS Credits		4			⊠Lab		
					□Tutorial		
SWL (hr/sem)		100			□Practical		
					□Seminar		
Module Level		1	Semester of Delivery		2		
Administering Dep	partment	Type Dept. Code	College	Type College Code			
Module Leader	Iraq Ali Hussei	n	e-mail	IraqAll@uodiyala.edu.iq			
Module Leader's Acad. Title lecturer		lecturer	Module Leader's Qualification M.S		M.Sc.		
Module Tutor	Name (if available)		e-mail	E-mail			
Peer Reviewer Name Name		Name	e-mail E-mail				
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Number 1.0				

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	Prerequisite module None Semester				
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Objectives	This module aims to provide students with a grounding in the operation of a computer, and the interaction between the hardware, the operating system and the software.				
أهداف المادة الدراسية	Students have gained an insight into basic concepts of computer science, working methods and research questi				
	ons and have an appropriate perception of computer science. They can choose a field of study for themselves in Biology science.				
	Key skills for employability				
	KS1 Written, oral and media communication skills				
	KS2 Leadership, team working and networking skills				
	KS3 Opportunity, creativity and problem solving skills				
Module Learning	KS4 Information technology skills and digital literacy				
Outcomes	KS5 Information management skills				
	KS6 Research skills				
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	KS7 Intercultural and sustainability skills				
	KS8 Career management skills				
	KS9 Learning to learn (managing personal and professional development, selfmanagement)				
	KS10 Numeracy				
	1- Describe the major sub-systems components and operation				
	of a computer.				
Indicative Contents	2- Describe the components of a modern operating system,				
المحتويات الإرشادية	using real operating systems to provide examples.				
, J, —,,—	3- Discuss the interaction between the hardware, the operating				
	system, the application software and the user of a modern				
	computer system.				

4-Outline typical network architectures, and their operations
and protocols using examples from real networks to illustrate
the concepts involved.

Learning and Teaching Strategies					
	استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
Strategies	The delivery of the module will include a range of teaching methods and learning styles. These include lectures, case studies, project work, presentations and tutorials; drawing on the student's experiential learning.				

Student Workload (SWL)					
الحمل الدر اسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem)		Structured SWL (h/w)	3		
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا				
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	Г1	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	2.5		
3. الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفص					
Total SWL (h/sem)	100				
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	100				

Module Evaluation								
	تقييم المادة الدراسية							
		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning			
	Outcome							
Formative	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11			
assessment	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7			

	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)					
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري				
	Material Covered				
Week 1	Introduction to computers, definitions essential				
Week 2	Basic language, constants, variables, output				
Week 3	Input, output, math equations				
Week 4	repetition phrase, terms, nested repetition statements				
Week 5	Arrays, Dimension Statement, One-Dimensional Arrays, Applications				
Week 6	Two-dimensional arrays, reading and their types				
Week 7	Subprograms and internal functions				
Week 8	Drawing in a calculator, principle, basic drawing phrases				
Week 9	Drawing scale, drawing curves, drawing diagrams				
Week 10	Applications on drawing, better straight drawing, curved drawing				
Week 11	Computer operating systems, system				
Week 12	Programming information gathering devices				
Week 13	The use of calculators in laboratories, devices for collecting and reading information				
Week 14	Drawing scale, drawing curves, drawing diagrams				

Week 15	Preparatory week before the final Exam

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)					
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر					
	Material Covered					
Week 1						
Week 2						
Week 3						
Week 4						
Week 5						
Week 6						
Week 7						

Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس					
	Text	Available in the Library?			
Required Texts		Yes			
Recommended Texts		No			
Websites					

Grading Scheme						
	مخطط الدرجات					
Group	Grade التقدير Marks % Definition					
Success Group	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance		
(50 - 100)	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors		

	C - Good	ختر	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	Human rights, freedom and democracy		Modu	ile Delivery		
Module Type		Support			⊠Theory	
Module Code		UNI-103			□Lecture	
ECTS Credits		2			□Lab	
		50			□Tutorial □Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)						
			<u> </u>	□Seminar		
Module Level		1	Semester of Delivery		2	
Administering Dep	partment	Type Dept. Code	College	College Type College Code		
Module Leader	Othman Khlan	Frhan	e-mail	othaman@uodiyala.edu.iq		ı.iq
Module Leader's A	Acad. Title	Professor	Module Leader's Qualification Ph.D.		Ph.D.	
Module Tutor	Name (if available)		e-mail	E-mail		
Peer Reviewer Name Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Number 1.0			

Relation with other Modules				
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	None	Semester		
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	 The course aims to introduce students to human rights, freedom and democracy, its most prominent sources and characteristics, and the historical stages that human rights, freedom and democracy went through. Then get acquainted with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the most prominent articles included in the Declaration, international treaties and covenants and the most prominent international organizations. The most important international conventions in the field of human rights, freedom and democracy, and introducing students to human rights in the monotheistic religions (Christian, Islamic religion) and other religions. And then emphasizing democracy and how to practice democracy in a newly 				
	democratic society, so that students are the nucleus of the future in building the Iraqi state.				
	Cognitive goals				
	1- Know human rights, freedom and democracy.				
	2- The student mentions the most important human rights in life.				
	2- The student knows the term human rights, freedom and democracy.				
Module Learning	3- The student applies the principles of human rights, freedom and democracy within the university campus.				
Outcomes	4- The student discusses human rights, freedom and democracy and their development through ancient civilizations.				
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	5- The student explains the overlap between the democratic system and other systems of government.				
	6- The student distinguishes between guaranteeing human rights under democratic regimes from other regimes.				
	Skill objectives of the course				
	1 - The student realizes the importance of human rights, freedom and democracy to preserve the dignity of this person.				
	2 - The student demonstrates his adherence to all principles that protect human				

	rights, freedom and democracy. 3 The student draws models that express the demand for human rights, freedom and democracy.
	4 - The student uses the theoretically acquired concepts in educating society to preserve human rights, freedom and democracy.
Indicative Contents	
المحتويات الإرشادية	

Learning and Teaching Strategies		
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم		
Strategies	Methods of teaching and learning - The electronic lecture on Google meet using Google Classroom. Explanation and clarification. - Brainstorming	

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدر اسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)	47	Structured SWL (h/w)	4.4	
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	17	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	1.1	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	22	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	2.2	
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	33	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	2.2	
Total SWL (h/sem)	75			
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل				

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	1	10% (10)	5	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	1	10% (10)	10	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	15	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري		
	Material Covered	
	The first topic: definition of human rights	
Week 1	Concept of human rights, definition of human rights definition of right- definition of human being-	
WCCK 1	definition of concept of human rights). The importance of studying human rights, characteristics of	
	human rights.	
	Generations of human rights (the first generation is the generation of civil and political rights, the	
Week 2	second generation is the generation of economic, social and cultural rights, and the third generation	
	is the generation of new rights).	
	The second topic: the historical development of human rights	
Week 3	Human rights in the civilizations of Mesopotamia (the law of Urkagina and Urnammu, the law of	
	Ishtar, the law of the kingdom of Eshnunna, the law of Hammurabi's law), human rights in other	
	ancient civilizations (the Indian and Chinese civilization, the civilization of Pharaonic Egypt, the Greek	

	civilization and the Roman civilization).
Week 4	The third topic: Human rights in Islam (the rights of the child, women, social, economic and political rights).
	Human rights in the Middle Ages, human rights in divine laws, in Judaism and Christianity, human rights at the level of modern revolutions and legitimacy.
Week 5	The fourth topic: Recognition of human rights at the international level, stages of international recognition of human rights, contemporary regional recognition.
Week 6	The fifth topic: human rights at the European level, the American level, the African level, and the Arab and Islamic level, explaining the paragraphs and articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in 1948.
Week 7	The sixth topic: human rights in international and regional conventions and national legislation, including (the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, human rights in the two international covenants).
Week 8	The seventh topic: the emergence of non-governmental organizations and their role in the field of human rights (the International Committee of the Red Cross, Amnesty International, Human Rights Watch, Arab Organization for Human Rights Watch).
Week 9	The eighth topic: the definition of democracy, the concept of democracy, the advantages of democracy, the historical development of democracy and freedom in ancient historical times (Mesopotamia civilization, the Nile Valley civilization, the Greek civilization, the Roman civilization)
Week 10	The ninth topic: the stages of the democratic system in Iraq, the most important articles of the Iraqi constitution of 2005 AD in the field of democracy and human rights. The relationship between the general rights and freedoms of individuals and democracy, the difference between freedom evaluates the democratic system and the stages of its implementation in Iraq (pros of democracy, negatives of democracy)
Week 11	Topic 10: Types of Democracy (First - Direct Democracy, Second - Indirect Democracy, divided into: A - semi-direct democracy, b - indirect democracy, and its most important advantages and disadvantages (representative democracy (parliamentary), consensual democracy, delegated democracy).
Week 12	Table Eleven: General conditions for the success of the democratic system (respect for human rights, political pluralism, peaceful transfer of power) (political equality, respect for the principle of

	democracy, and the existence of the rule of law).
Week 13	The twelfth topic: the components and pillars of democracy (citizenship, political participation, elections, representatives and responsibility) (contestation, constitutional legitimacy, separation of powers, transparency and accountability).
Week 14	The thirteenth topic: the concept of elections and their legal adaptation (election conditions, concepts specific to elections, electoral administration). (General principles of electoral administration, election systems, majority system and proportional representation).
Week 15	The fourteenth topic: administrative corruption, its concept and definition, types of corruption, causes of corruption, treatments for corruption, some political terms (constitutional court, presidential system, parliamentary system, federal union, secularism, technocracy, aristocracy, liberalism, bureaucracy, imperialism).

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)			
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Lab 1: Introduction to Agilent VEE and PSPICE		
Week 2	Lab 2: Thévenin's / Norton's Theorem and Kirchhoff's Laws		
Week 3	Lab 3: First-Order Transient Responses		
Week 4	Lab 4: Second-Order Transient Responses		
Week 5	Lab 5: Frequency Response of RC Circuits		
Week 6	Lab 6: Frequency Response of RLC Circuits		
Week 7	Lab 7: Filters		

Learning and Teaching Resources				
	مصادر التعلم والتدريس			
	Text Available in the Library?			
Required Texts	Fundamentals of Electric Circuits, C.K. Alexander and M.N.O	Yes		

	Sadiku, McGraw-Hill Education	
Recommended Texts	DC Electrical Circuit Analysis: A Practical Approach Copyright Year: 2020, dissidents.	No
Websites	https://www.coursera.org/browse/physical-science-and-engineering/electrical-engineeri	

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	ختَّخ	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
,	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	I	Mathematical 1		Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core		☑ Theory		
Module Code					☑ Lecture Lab ☐ Tutorial ☐ Practical	
ECTS Credits		8				
SWL (hr/sem)	30				☐ Seminar	
Module Level		1	Semester o	of Delivery 1		1
Administering De	partment	Petroleum geology and minerals	College	College	College of science- university of Diyala	
Module Leader	Asia A. Moham	med	e-mail	admin.	science@uodiy	/ala.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Assistant Lecturer	Module Lea	Module Leader's Qualification A.		A. L.
Module Tutor			e-mail	asiaali@uodiyala.edu.iq		
Peer Reviewer Name		Calculus	e-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules				
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester		
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
	This academic curriculum is a basic introduction to learning the basics of calculus, trigonometric, logarithmic and exponential functions. The student will learn methods of solution and application. The module aims to:				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	1- The objective required of the student in order to successfully pass the requirements of the course is to teach the student to make derivations for all mathematical functions, as well as the methods of drawing them.				
	2- The student's knowledge of distinguishing between functions and drawing them				
	3- Developing the student's ability to understand the concept of differentiation and its applications.				
	Course Outcomes and Methods of Teaching, Learning and Assessment				
	1-Giving lectures and using textbooks				
	2- Solving issues related to scientific material				
	3- Writing scientific reports and analyzing data				
	4 method of self-learning				
	A- Cognitive goals				
Module Learning	A1- Students' ability to distinguish and cognitive perception (to diagnose general theories and principles in the study)				
Outcomes	A2-Future planning to link what the student has learned to daily life				
	A 3- Practicing different types of mathematical proofs				
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	A 4 - self-reliance in the achievement of mathematics				
9200	B - The soft skills objectives of the course				
	B1 - skills to apply calculus				
	B2 - skill to find limits				
	B3 - skill to draw functions				
	Methods of teaching and learning				
	1. Lecture, use of the blackboard, and recitation				
	2. Demos				

	3. Interactive discussion
	4. Self-learning
	Indicative content includes the following.
	One of the important themes in mathematic is the analysis of relationship between mathematical quantities .such relationships can be described in terms of graphs ,formulas ,numerical data.
Indicative Contents	Pupil will study properties of some of the most basic functions that occur in calculus and we will examine some familiar ideas involving lines, polynomials and trigonometric functions.
المحتويات الإرشادية	2 Student definition of what is understood limits, algebra limit, continuity. limits
	Infinite , limits by One and two side
	Tangent lines and derivation, and calculations derivative of some functions by
	Using definition. Derivatives of Special functions, Mathematical models, Parametric equations

Learning and Teaching Strategies		
	استراتيجيات التعليم	
Strategies	The main strategy that will be: A1- Students' ability to distinguish and cognitive perception (to diagnose general theories and principles in the study) A2-Future planning to link what the student has learned to daily life A 3- Practicing different types of mathematical proofs A 4 - self-reliance in the achievement of mathematics B - The soft skills objectives of the course B1 - skills to apply calculus B2 - skill to find ends B3 - skill to draw functions	

Student Workload (SWL)					
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem)	400	Structured SWL (h/w)	7		
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	109	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	7		
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	01	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	C		
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	91	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	6		
Total SWL (h/sem)	200				
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	200				

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative .	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)				
المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري				
Material Covered				

Week 1	Integer numbers and real numbers intervals inequalities
Week 2	Properties of functions
Week 3	Domain and rang
Week 4	Graph of functions
Week 5	Limits
Week 6	Limits
Week 7	Continuous of functions
Week 8	Special functions
Week 9	Derivatives
Week 10	Derivatives of Special functions
Week 11	Mathematical models
Week 12	Lines
Week 13	Parametric equations
Week 14	Parametric equations
Week 15	Preparatory week before the final Exam

Learning and Teaching Resources				
مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts	Calculus, seven edition :Howard Anton, Irl Bivens, Stephen Davis.	Yes		
Recommended Texts	Calculus and Analytic Geometry by Thomas	Yes		
Websites				

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition	
	A – Excellent	امتياز	90 – 100	Outstanding Performance	
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 – 89	Above average with some errors	
(50 - 100)	C – Good	جيد	70 – 79	Sound work with notable errors	
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 – 69	Fair but with major shortcomings	
	E – Sufficient	مقبول	50 – 59	Work meets minimum criteria	
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded	
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required	

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	I	Mathematical 2		Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠Theory	
Module Code					⊠Lecture Lab	
ECTS Credits		5			□Tutorial □Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)	30			□ Seminar		
Module Level		1	Semester o	Delivery 1		1
Administering De	partment	Petroleum geology and minerals	College	College of science- university of Diya		ersity of Diyala
Module Leader	Asia A. Moham	med	e-mail	admin.	science@uodiy	/ala.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Assistant Lecturer	Module Lea	ader's Qualification B. L.		B. L.
Module Tutor	e-mail asiaali@uodiyala.edu.iq					
Peer Reviewer Name		Calculus	e-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval 10/2/2025 Version Number 1.0						

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester			
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
	This academic curriculum is a basic introduction to learning the basics of calculus, trigonometric, logarithmic and exponential functions. The student will learn methods of solution and application. The module aims to:				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	1- The objective required of the student in order to successfully pass the requirements of the course is to teach the student to make derivations for all mathematical functions, as well as the methods of drawing them.				
	2- The student's knowledge of distinguishing between functions and drawing them				
	3- Developing the student's ability to understand the concept of differentiation and its applications.				
	Course Outcomes and Methods of Teaching, Learning and Assessment				
	1-Giving lectures and using textbooks				
	2- Solving issues related to scientific material				
	3- Writing scientific reports and analyzing data				
	4 method of self-learning				
Module Learning	A- Cognitive goals				
Outcomes	A1- Students' ability to distinguish and cognitive perception (to diagnose general theories and principles in the study)				
	A2-Future planning to link what the student has learned to daily life				
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	A 3- Practicing different types of mathematical proofs				
المارسية الم	A 4 - self-reliance in the achievement of mathematics				
	B - The soft skills objectives of the course				
	B1 - skills to apply calculus				
	B2 - skill to find limits				
	B3 - skill to find derivative and Integration				
	Indicative content includes the following:				
Indicative Contents	Part A / the derivative				
المحتويات الإرشادية	Tangent lines and calculating the derivative For some functions using the definition , implied derivation and derivatives from higher powers, implied derivation and derivatives from higher powers, Limits, some applications on				

the limits, mean value theorem, Rolle's theorem, L'Hupetal's rule,

Part B/ Types of functions

increasing functions, decreasing functions and drown curves, Trigonometric functions together basic equivalent, Inverse trigonometric functions with their derivation, Hyperbolic functions with their derivation.

Part C/ Integration

Inverse of differential (Integration), Fundamental theorem for integration, properties of integration, Some application integration, Integration for Trigonometric functions, Inverse trigonometric, Hyperbolic functions.

Learning and Teaching Strategies					
استراتيجيات التعليم					
Strategies	The main strategy that will be: A1- Students' ability to distinguish and cognitive perception (to diagnose general theories and principles in the study) A2-Future planning to link what the student has learned to daily life A 3- Practicing different types of mathematical proofs A 4 - self-reliance in the achievement of mathematics B - The soft skills objectives of the course B1 - skills to apply calculus B2 - skill to find the derivative B3 - skill to				

Student Workload (SWL)						
۱۰ اسبوعا	الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem)	400	Structured SWL (h/w)	7			
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	109	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	7			
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	01	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	C			
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	91	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	6			
Total SWL (h/sem)		200				
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل		200				

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري

	Material Covered
Week 1	Tangent lines and calculating the derivative For some functions using the definition .
Week 2	Some derivational forms, rule series, derivation of the power function.
Week 3	increasing functions, decreasing functions and drown curves
Week 4	implied derivation and derivatives from higher powers
Week 5	Limits, some applications on the limits
Week 6	mean value theorem , Rolle's theorem, L'Hupetal's rule
Week 7	mean value theorem , Rolle's theorem, L'Hupetal's rule
Week 8	Trigonometric functions together basic equivalent
Week 9	Inverse trigonometric functions with their derivation
Week 10	Hyperbolic functions with their derivation
Week 11	Inverse of differential(Integration)
Week 12	Fundamental theorem for integration, properties of integration
Week 13	Some application integration
Week 14	Integration for Trigonometric functions, Inverse trigonometric, Hyperbolic functions
Week 15	Preparatory week before the final Exam
	1

Learning and Teaching Resources

مصادر التعلم والتدريس

	Text	Available in the Library?
Required Texts	Calculus, seven edition :Howard Anton, Irl Bivens, Stephen Davis.	Yes
Recommended Texts	Calculus and Analytic Geometry by Thomas	Yes
Websites		

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A – Excellent	امتياز	90 – 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 – 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C – Good	جيد	70 – 79	Sound work with notable errors
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 – 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E – Sufficient	مقبول	50 – 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title		Physics		Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type		Core			☑ Theory	
Module Code		UoB12345			⊠ Lecture ⊠ Lab	
ECTS Credits		8 □ Tutorial				
SWL (hr/sem)		□ Practical □ Seminar				
Module Level		1	Semester o	f Deliver	Delivery 1	
Administering Dep	partment	Type Dept. Code	College	Type College Code		
Module Leader	Name		e-mail	E-mail		
Module Leader's	Module Leader's Acad. Title Assistant lec. Module Le		Module Lea	ader's Qu	ualification	Msc.
Module Tutor	Name (if availa	able)	e-mail E-mail			
Peer Reviewer Name Name		e-mail	E-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date 10/2/2025 Version Num		mber	1.0			

Relation with other Modules				
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	None	Semester		
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents						
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية					
	After completing the course, Students are able: Intended Learning 1-					
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	Have the knowledge of fundamental Computing Science that includes basic theory and concept of computer science, Mathematics, and Statistics, Programming Algorithm, Software Engineering and Information System. 2- Able to demonstrate and analyze the basic property of object/matter in the form of physical equation related to particle kinematic, interaction force between particles/matter, harmonic oscillator, the elasticity of the material, static and dynamic fluid, temperature and heat, and thermodynamic. 3- Able to solve physics problems independently and responsibly with complete physical completion method 4- Able to use the basic equations of physics in solving problems with Newton's laws of motion, work and energy, linear momentum, and collisions 5- Able to analyze basic physical property based on mathematical concept and formulation about the elasticity of the material, harmonic oscillator, temperature and heat 6- Able to distinguish the first and second thermodynamic equations and able to analyze 4 thermodynamic processes (K) iso volume, isobaric, isothermal, and adiabatic and Able to design and demonstrate the basic principles of physics in conducting experiments on object motion, temperature and heat, mathematical pendulum motion (K).					
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	On successful completion of this module the student should be able to: 1.Define a fluid and its basic properties, 2.Apply conservation of mass, energy and momentum to fluid flow, 3.Compute hydraulic gradients and design pipe networks, 4.Analyse flows and pressures for single pipe network using the continuity and steady flow energy equations, 5.Apply well-established techniques to solve engineering problemsin fluid mechanics 6.Evaluate the force on a bend/nozzle due to momentum change.					
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Indicative content includes the following. Students will learn about: 1. Quantity and Unit 2. Particle Kinematics 3. Particle Dynamics 4. Work and Energy 5. Linear momentum and collision 6. Angular Momentum and Inertia 7. Harmonic Oscillator					

8. Material Elasticity
9. Fluid Statistics
10. Fluid Dynamics
11. Temperature and Heat
12. Laws of Thermodynamics

Learning and Teaching Strategies			
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم			
Strategies	Type something like: The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials and by considering types of simple experiments involving some sampling activities that are interesting to the students.		

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا			
Structured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	69	Structured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	7
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	31	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	6
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	100		

Module Evaluation							
	تقييم المادة الدراسية						
		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome		
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11		
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7		
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All		
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10		
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7		
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All		
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)				

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)				
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري			
	Material Covered			
1–4	Chapter 1: "Introduction."	Viscosity and Other SecondaryPropertiesSurface Tension		
1–4 (continued)	Chapter 2: "Pressure Distribution in a Fluid."	 Pressure and Pressure Gradient Equilibrium of a Fluid Element Hydrostatic Pressure Distributions Application to Manometry Hydrostatic Forces on Plane Surface Hydrostatic Forces on Curved Surface Hydrostatic Forces in Layered Fluid Buoyancy and Stability Pressure Distribution in a Rigid-Boom Motion Pressure Measurement 		
5–10	Chapter 3: "Integral Relations for a Control Volume."	 Basic Physical Laws of Fluid Mecha The Reynolds Transport Theorem Conservation of Mass The Linear Momentum Equation Frictionless Flow: The Bernoulli Equation The Angular Momentum Theorem The Energy Equations 		

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Lab 1: No lab sections meet this week		
Week 2	Lab 2: Introduction to Techniques in physics dep.		
Week 3	Lab 3 : explain how to draw curves		
Week 4	Lab 4: exam		
Week 5	Lab 5: ohms law		
Week 6	Lab 6: An investigation of Kirchhoff's law		
Week 7	Lab 7: coil self-induction		
Week 8	Lab 8: Diffraction of light by holes		

Week 9	Lab9:young law
Week 10	Lab 10: No Labs Spring Break
Week 11	Lab 11: pressure measurement
Week 12	Lab 12: payless law
Week 13	Lab 13: surface tension
Week 14	Lab14: Re-run experiments as necessary
Week 15	Lab 15: exam

	Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس			
	Text Available in the Library?			
Required Texts	fluid mechanics fundamental and applications Cengel_Cimbala. Published by McGraw-Hill 2006.	Yes		
Recommended Texts	Bruce R. Munson, Donald F. Young, Theodore H. Okiishi, and Wade W. Huebsch, Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, John Wiley & Sons, 6th ed., 2009.	No		
Websites	Related books and magazines			

Grading Scheme مخطط الدرجات				
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C	B - Very Good	جید جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
Success Group (50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
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	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group FX – Fail (قيد المعالجة) (45-49) More work required but of the control of t		More work required but credit awarded		
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title		اللغة العربية		Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		نظري			⊠Theory	
Module Code		UoB12345			⊠Lecture	
ECTS Credits		2			⊠Lab	
					☐Tutorial	
SWL (hr/sem)		200		□Practical		
					□ Seminar	
Module Level	2		Semester o	f Deliver	у	2
Administering Dep	partment	Type Dept. Code	College	Type Co	ollege Code	
Module Leader	Othman Khlan	Farhan	e-mail	othama	n@uodiyala.edu	.iq
Module Leader's Acad. Title Lecturer		Lecturer	Module Lea	ider's Qu	alification	Ph.D.
Module Tutor	Name(if available)		e-mail	E-mail		
Peer Reviewer Name		Name	e-mail E-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules			
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Dunya misita mandula			
Prerequisite module	None	Semester	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester	

Modu	le Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents	
أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية		
	1- تعريف الطلبة اهم المفاتيح الأساس في التعامل بلغة عربية فصيحة خالية من اي خطأ أو لحنٍ وكيفية التعلم فيما يخص الأدب والنحو والبلاغة والاملاء العربية وكل هذا لغير الاختصاص.	
Module Objectives	2- رفع القدرات التعبيرية للطالب، وزيادة ثروتهم اللغوية ، ومساعدتهم على استخدام العبارة المناسبة بشكل دلالي واضح.	
أهداف المادة الدراسية	3-تدريب الطلبة على التحدث، والتنظيم المنطقي للأفكار، مع الحرص على التمسك باللغة العربية الفصحى .	
	4- رفع الأداء اللغوي العام لدى الطلبة.	
	5- تمكين الطلبة من الكتابة والتعبير والحديث بلغة عربية فصيحة وواضحة.	
	 ٥- مساعدة الطلبة في التعبير عن افكارهم من خلال المناقشة والحوار بلغة سهلة وفصيحة 	
	7- جعل الطلبة قادرين على اكتساب خزين لغوي من الكلمات واللفاظ والتعابير الفصيحة.	
	8- تعلم الطلبة الحفاظ على لغة القرآن التراث العربي الاصيل.	
	الاهداف المعرفية والمهارية:	
	1- يعرف اساليب اللغة العربية.	
	2- يوظف ادوات الترقيم عند الكتابة.	
	3- يتدرب على كيفية تحليل النصوص الادبية .	
	4- يعرب بعض الامثلة والتمارين عن الجملة الاسمية والفعلية .	
Module Learning	5-يناقش بعض النصوص القرآنية والادبية.	
Outcomes	6- يبين الفرق بين علامات الاعراب الاصلية والفرعية.	
	7- يميز بين الافعال والاسماء في الجمل.	
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	8 ـ يتدرب على القراءة الواضحة والإلقاء .	
	9- يتدرب على الكتابة بخط حسن من خلال التعريف بأنواع الخطوط العربية، وكتابة كل حرف، ثم كتاب الجمل والعبارات بخط الرقعة.	
	10- يميز بين حمزة القطع و همزة الوصل عند الكتابة .	
	11- يتعلم اساليب التحدث أمام الآخرين مع استعمال التأشير باليد والعين والجسد بما يتناسب مع الكلام .	
	12- يميز بين حرفي الضاد والظاء في الكتابة والنطق.	

	13- يميز بين التاء المربوطة والمفتوحة اثناء الكتابة.
	توضيح أهمية اللغة العربية وفوائدها بالنسبة للطالب الجامعي (2 ساعة).
	اللغة، حفظ وتفسير وتحليل أول عشرة آيات من سورة الكهف مع بيان فضل السورة وسبب تسميتها واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية. (2 ساعة)
	اللغة، حفظ وتفسير وتحليل ثلاثة آيات من سورة الحجرات مع بيان فضل السورة وسبب تسميتها واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية. (2 ساعة)
	الادب، حفظ وتحليل ثلاثة عشر سطراً من قصيدة سفر ايوب في الشعر الحر للشاعر العراقي بدر شاكر السياب مع حياة الشاعر واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية في القصيدة. (2 ساعة)
	الادب، حفظ وتحليل ثمانية ابيات في الحماس للشاعر ابي الطيب المتنبي مع حياة الشاعر مع اهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية في القصيدة. (2 ساعة)
	قواعد اللغة العربية وأهميتها
Indicative Contents	معرفة اقسام الكلام(الاسم والفعل والحرف)واهم علاماتها.
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	قواعد اللغة العربية :- النكرة والمعرفة، انواع المعارف(العلم) شرح موضوع (اسم العلم والاسم المركب) مع الأمثلة. (2 ساعة)
	قواعد اللغة العربية، (الضمائر)شرح موضوع (ضمائر الرفع والنصب والجر) مع الامثلة. (2 ساعة)
	اللغة، حفظ وتفسير وتحليل سورة الاعلى مع بيان فضل السورة وسبب تسميتها واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية.
	الادب، حفظ وتحليل ثمانية ابيات من قصيدة (كن بلسما) للشاعر (ايليا ابي ماضي)مع حياة الشاعر مع اهم الحالات الاعرابية والبلاغية .(2 ساعة)
	قواعد اللغة العربية، شرح موضوع (اسماء الاشارة) مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب، شرح موضوع (المعرف بالإضافة) مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب. (2 ساعة)
	قواعد اللغة العربية، شرح موضوع (الحال)معرفة الحال وصاحبها وما هي انواع الحال مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب. (2 ساعة)
	الأملاء في اللغة العربية، علامات الترقيم واهميتها في اللغة العربية. (2 ساعة)
	قواعد اللغة العربية، شرح موضوع (العدد)معرفة تميز العدد وماهي اقسام العدد مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب.

Learning and Teaching Strategies				
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
Strategies	- المحاضرة والمشاركة. - المناقشة والحوار.			

- العصف الذهني.
- كتابة التقارير عن الموضوع.
 - السؤال والجواب.

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدر اسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبو عا						
Structured SWL (h/sem) Structured SWL (h/w) 7 الحمل الدر اسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا الحمل الدر اسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل						
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	30	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	6			
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	60					

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري

	Material Covered
	توضيح أهمية اللغة العربية وفوائدها بالنسبة للطالب الجامعي.
Week 1	اللغة، حفظ وتفسير وتحليل أول عشرة آيات من سورة الكهف مع بيان فضل السور ة وسبب تسميتها واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية.
Week 2	اللغة، حفظ وتفسير وتحليل ثلاثة آيات من سورة الحجرات مع بيان فضل السور ة وسبب تسميتها واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية.
Week 3	الادب، حفظ وتحليل ثلاثة عشر سطراً من قصيدة سفر ايوب في الشعر الحر للشاعر العراقي بدر شاكر السياب مع حياة الشاعر واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية في القصيدة.
Week 4	الادب، حفظ وتحليل ثمانية ابيات في الحماس للشاعر ابي الطيب المتنبي مع حياة الشاعر مع اهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية في القصيدة.
Week 5	قواعد اللغة العربية وأهميتها
Week 5	معرفة اقسام الكلام(الاسم والفعل والحرف)واهم علاماتها.
Week 6	قواعد اللغة العربية :- النكرة والمعرفة، انواع المعارف (العلم) شرح موضوع (اسم العلم والاسم المركب) مع الأمثلة.
Week 7	قواعد اللغة العربية، (الضمائر)شرح موضوع (ضمائر الرفع والنصب والجر) مع الامثلة.
Week 8	اللغة، حفظ وتفسير وتحليل سورة الاعلى مع بيان فضل السورة وسبب تسميتها واهم الاوجه البلاغية والنحوية.
Week 9	الادب، حفظ وتحليل ثمانية ابيات من قصيدة (كن بلسما) للشاعر (ايليا ابي ماضي)مع حياة الشاعر مع اهم الحالات الاعرابية والبلاغية.
Week 10	قواعد اللغة العربية، شرح موضوع (اسماء الاشارة) مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب، شرح موضوع (المعرف بالإضافة) مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب.
Week 11	قواعد اللغة العربية، شرح موضوع (الحال)معرفة الحال وصاحبها وما هي انواع الحال مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب.
Week 12	الأملاء في اللغة العربية، علامات الترقيم وإهميتها في اللغة العربية.
Week 13	قواعد اللغة العربية، شرح موضوع (العدد)معرفة تميز العدد وماهي اقسام العدد مع الأمثلة وحالات الاعراب.
Week 14	الأملاء في اللغة العربية، احكام الهمزة(حمزة الوصل، حمزة القطع، كتابة الهمزة في وسط الكلمة).
Week 15	الأملاء في اللغة العربية: احكام كتابة الضاد والظاء
Week 16	الأملاء في اللغة العربية: احكام كتابة التاء المربوطة والمفتوحة والالف الممدودة والمقصورة.

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)

المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر

	Material Covered
Week 1	
Week 2	
Week 3	
Week 4	
Week 5	
Week 6	
Week 7	

Learning and Teaching Resources						
مصادر التعلم والتدريس						
	Text	Available in the Library?				
	1. القرآن الكريم.					
	2. كتاب البلاغة والتطبيق.					
Required Texts	3. كتاب الأملاء الواضح.	Yes				
	4. منهاج اللغة العربية لغير الاختصاص.					
	1. كتاب شرح ابن عقيل على الفية ابن مالك/ ابن عقيل عبد الله بن عبد الرحمن.					
Recommended	 كتاب الميسر في اللغة العربية لغير الاختصاص/ الدكتور زياد طارق شولي 	Yes				
Texts	3. كتاب الأملاء الواضح/ للدكتور عباس حسن.	res				
	4. منهاج اللغة العربية العامة لغير الاختصاص/ عبد القادر حسن امين					
Websites	http://www.al-mostafa.com/index.htm مكتبة المصطفى -1 http://www.almeshkat.net/books/ مكتبة مشكاة الإسلام -2 http://www.imamu.edu.sa/a الجمعية العامية للغة العربية -3 http://pdfbooks.net/vb/login.php	index.php				
Websites	<u>http://www.almeshkat.net/books/</u> مكتبة مشكاة الإسلام -2 http://www.imamu.edu.sa/a الجمعية العلمية للغة العربية -3	index.php				

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

		-		1
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	ختر	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
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(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	G	eneral chemistry	•	Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠Theory	
Module Code		UoB12345			⊠Lecture	
ECTS Credits		8			⊠Lab	
					□Tutorial	
SWL (hr/sem)		300			□Practical	
					□Seminar	
Module Level		1	Semester of Delivery		1	
Administering Dep	partment	Type Dept. Code	College	Science collage		
Module Leader	Name		e-mail	E-mail		
Module Leader's A	Acad. Title	Lecturer	Module Leader's Qualification		M.SC.	
Module Tutor	Name (if available) e-m		e-mail	E-mail		
Peer Reviewer Name Name		e-mail	E-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval Date 10/2/2025		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules						
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى					
Prerequisite module	None	Semester				
Co-requisites module	None	Semester				

Modu	Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية					
	 To develop problem solving skills and understanding of circuit theory through the application of techniques. 					
Module Objectives	2. To understand voltage, current and power from a given circuit.					
أهداف المادة الدراسية	3. This course deals with the basic concept of electrical circuits.					
	4. This is the basic subject for all electrical and electronic circuits.					
	5. To understand Kirchhoff's current and voltage Laws problems.					
	6. To perform mesh and Nodal analysis.					
	Important: Write at least 6 Learning Outcomes, better to be equal to the number of study weeks.					
	Recognize how electricity works in electrical circuits.					
	2. List the various terms associated with electrical circuits.					
	3. Summarize what is meant by a basic electric circuit.					
Module Learning Outcomes	4. Discuss the reaction and involvement of atoms in electric circuits.					
Outcomes	5. Describe electrical power, charge, and current.					
	6. Define Ohm's law.					
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	7. Identify the basic circuit elements and their applications.					
	8. Discuss the operations of sinusoid and phasors in an electric circuit.					
	9. Discuss the various properties of resistors, capacitors, and inductors.					
	10. Explain the two Kirchoff's laws used in circuit analysis.					
	 Identify the capacitor and inductor phasor relationship with respect to voltage and current. 					
Indicative Contents	Indicative content includes the following.					
المحتويات الإرشادية	Part A - Circuit Theory					

DC circuits – Current and voltage definitions, Passive sign convention and circuit elements, Combining resistive elements in series and parallel. Kirchhoff's laws and Ohm's law. Anatomy of a circuit, Network reduction, Introduction to mesh and nodal analysis. [15 hrs]

AC circuits I – Time dependent signals, average and RMS values. Capacitance and inductance, energy storage elements, simple AC steady-state sinusoidal analysis. [15 hrs]

AC Circuits II - Phasor diagrams, definition of complex impedance, AC circuit analysis with complex numbers. [10 hrs]

RL, RC and RLC circuits - Frequency response of RLC circuits, simple filter and band-pass circuits, resonance and Q-factor, use of Bode plots, use of differential equations and their solutions. Time response (natural and step responses). Introduction to second order circuits. [15 hrs]

Revision problem classes [6 hrs]

Part B - Analogue Electronics

Fundamentals

Resistive networks, voltage and current sources, Thevenin and Norton equivalent circuits, current and voltage division, input resistance, output resistance, coupling and decoupling capacitors, maximum power transfer, RMS and power dissipation, current limiting and over voltage protection. [15 hrs]

Components and active devices – Components vs elements and circuit modeling, real and ideal elements. Introduction to sensors and actuators, self-generating vs modulating type sensors, simple circuit interfacing. [7 hrs]

Diodes and Diode circuits – Diode characteristics and equations, ideal vs real. Signal conditioning, clamping and clipping, rectification and peak detection, photodiodes, LEDs, Zener diodes, voltage stabilization, voltage reference, power supplies. [15 hrs]

Learning and Teaching Strategies استراتیجیات التعلم والتعلیم Type something like: The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials and by considering types of simple experiments involving some sampling activities that are interesting to the students.

Student Workload (SWL)						
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا						
Structured SWL (h/sem)	100	Structured SWL (h/w)	7			
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	109	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا				
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	0.1	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	C			
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	91	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	6			
Total SWL (h/sem)		200				
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل						

Module Evaluation								
	تقييم المادة الدراسية							
	Time/Number Weight (Marks) Week Due Relevant Learning Outcome							
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11			
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7			
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All			
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10			

Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)			
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري			
	Material Covered			
Week 1	Atom (Constitutes of atom)			
Week 2	Lows of electron configration			
Week 3	Electronegtivity			
Week 4	Hybridization			
Week 5	Resonance			
Week 6	Chemicals bond			
Week 7	Type of reaction			
Week 8	Saturated carbohydrate (alkan)			
Week 9	Occurrence, nomenclature, Reaction of alkane			
Week 10	Unsaturated carbohydrate			
Week 11	alkene , , Occurance ,nomenclature			
Week 12	Reaction of alkene			
Week 13	Alkyne, Occurance, nomenclature			
Week 14	Reaction of alkyne			
Week 15	Preparation of exam			

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)

	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر
	Material Covered
Week 1	LaB1: Types of devices in organic chemistry laboratories
Week 2	Lab 2: Types of tools in organic chemistry laboratories
Week 3	Lab 3 :The first aid
Week 4	Lab 4: The Determine the melting point
Week 5	Lab 5: The Determine the boiling point
Week 6	Lab 6: The reCrystallization
Week 7	Lab 7: The distillation
Week 8	Lab 8: The simply distillation
Week 9	Lab 9: The Fractional distillation
Week 10	Lab 10: The sublimation
Week 11	Lab 11: The extraction
Week 12	Lab 12: Cromotographyia
Week 13	Lab 13: Distinguish between an alkane and an alkene
Week 14	Lab 14: preparation gas of methan
Week 15	Lab 15: preparation for exam

	Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس	
	Text	Available in the Library?
Required Texts		Yes
Recommended Texts		No
Websites	https://coappsc.uosamarra.edu.iq/wp- content/uploads/2022/01/%D9%85%D8%AD%D8%A7%D8%B	6%D8%B1%D8%A9-1-

%D9%83%D9%8A%D9%85%D9%8A%D8%A7%D8%A1-%D8%B9%D8%B6%D9%88%D9%8A%D8%A9.pdf

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
Стоир	Graue	التقدير	IVIAIRS /0	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title		General geology	y	Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type	Core			⊠Theory		
Module Code	GEO-111				⊠.ecture ⊠.ab	
ECTS Credits	8				□Tutorial □Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)	79			□Seminar		
Module Level		1	Semester of Delivery 1		1	
Administering De	partment	Type Dept. Code	College	Type College Code		
Module Leader	Ibrahim Musta	fa Abbas	e-mail	ibmgeology@gmail.com		
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Lecturer	Module Leader's Qualification Ph.D.		Ph.D.	
Module Tutor	Ibrahim Mustafa Abbas		e-mail	ibmgeology@gmail.com		
Peer Reviewer Name Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	nber 1.0	

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester			
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			

Modu	le Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	1. Define selected vocabulary from the assigned chapters and employ them in understanding and explaining topics. 2. Discuss the basic principles of scientific inquiry and apply them to current research and to past discoveries of theories. 3. Differentiate between the three types of plate boundaries by noting common geologic features and processes. Summarize how these boundaries form. 4. Classify common physical properties and differentiate minerals and rocks. 5. Summarize the relationship between the chemical and physical properties of minerals. 6. Classify the igneous, metamorphic, and sedimentary rocks to determine how they formed. 7. Compare how different types of magma form and explain their relationship to the formation of intrusive and volcanic igneous features. 8. Compare and contrast weathering and erosion. 9. Identify strata, faults, and folds and summarize the forces and tectonic settings that lead to their formation. 10. Apply the principles of relative dating to interpret the geologic history of a cross-section. Understand the geologic time scale. 11. Explain what causes earthquakes and earthquake destruction 12. Differentiate the internal structure and composition of the Earth. 13. Understanding the formation of some primary and secondary structures.,. 14. Explain the various parts of the hydrologic cycle including the interaction of surface and groundwater with the solid earth as well as features, and processes associated with streams.
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	1-Explain the structure and composition of the earth, and the fundamental geological processes that have shaped the Earth. 2-Explain key geological terms, definitions and theories (for example minerals, rocks, plate tectonics, weathering) 3-Define, classify and describe sediments, minerals, rocks and their formation 4-Discuss how different earth processes (for example plate tectonics, erosion, sedimentation) work and interact, and how different minerals, rocks and landforms that result from various processes. 5-Discuss the link between cause and effect for different geological processes (for example the forces driving plate tectonics) 6-Explain how hydrological cycle work and what are the stream and river processes. 7-Explain and define the features and structures that form by different geological processes such as volcanoes, stresses. 8-interpret (read and explain) cross sections and figures with geological data. 9-Summarize observations/data/principles graphically. 10-Recognise and discuss different geological structures, landforms and processes

	11-Perform simple searches for relevant Earth Science literature, as well as cite
	sources correctly.
	12-Use a precise geological language to describe and discuss geological processes and
	events.
	13-Demonstrate the ability to function individually, in cooperation and ethically with
	others.
	14-Acknowledge, evaluate and communicate the role of humans in, and our
	dependency and impact on the Earth system
Indicative Contents	
المحتويات الإرشادية	

	Learning and Teaching Strategies				
	استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials and by considering types of simple experiments involving some sampling activities that are interesting to the students. Students become active participants in a class when they write, discuss, and question the material given to them. Prepare students for successful scientific, technical or management in the geosciences or related fields. Encourage the growth of knowledge-based geology science.				

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem) Structured SWL (h/w) 7 الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا 7				
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	91	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	6	
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	200			

Module Evaluation				
تقييم المادة الدراسية				
Time/Number Weight (Marks) Week Due Relevant Learning				

					Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري		
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Introduction to physical geology including general characteristics and origin of the Universe, fundamental laws of stratigraphy: laws of superposition and faunal succession.		
Week 2	Historical notes, Absolute and relative time in Geology. Concept of time and geological time scale.		
Week 3	Structure of the earth, Mechanical layering of the Earth: lithosphere, asthenosphere, mantle and core.		
Week 4	Structure of the earth, Formation of core, mantle, crust, Composition of crust: Continental and Oceanic. Composition of mantle. Composition of core., Geothermal gradient and internal heat of the Earth.		
Week 5	Plate tectonic theory and plate boundaries.		
Week 6	Minerals of the earth, what are minerals – definition, Composition of common rock-forming minerals – internal atomic structure.		
Week 7	Physical properties of minerals.		
Week 8	Mineral's classification Chemical classification of minerals. Gems and ore minerals. Composition of common oxides, carbonates, sulphides and sulphates, phosphates		
Week 9	Rocks (Rock cycle) Modes of magma generation in the crust and upper mantle. Magma and igneous intrusions, Physical properties of magma - temperature, viscosity, density and volatile content.		
Week 10	Types of rocks, modes of emplacement of igneous rocks: volcanic, hypabyssal, plutonic		
Week 11	Igneous rocks Texture of Igneous rocks, bases of classification of igneous rocks: mineralogical, textural, chemical.		
Week 12	Sedimentary rocks Textural parameters of clastic sediments, Grain size: concept and size scale; particle shape and fabric; sedimentary textures. Sedimentary structures		
Week 13	Sedimentary rocks classification of sedimentary rocks based on composition and texture, Siliciclastic rocks: components and classification(s) of conglomerates, sandstones, mudrocks. General introduction to carbonate rocks, evaporites, chert. Components and classifications of limestone, dolomites.		
Week 14	Paleontology: Study of fossils showing various modes of preservation Fossilization and fossil record Nature and importance of fossil record; Fossilization processes and modes of preservation		
Week 15	Metamorphic rocks Metamorphism: Controls and Types, Definition of metamorphism. Factors controlling metamorphism, Types of metamorphism – contact, regional, fault zone metamorphism, impact metamorphism. Causes of metamorphism, Metamorphic rocks classification		

Week 16	Preparatory week before the final Exam
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	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Introduction to physical geology lab., history of earth and universe		
Week 2	Geological time scale		
Week 3	Structures of the earth		
Week 4	Plate tectonic		
Week 5	Crystallography		
Week 6	Mineral's identification		
Week 7	Minerals identification		
Week 8	Minerals identification		
Week 9	Igneous rocks		
Week 10	Igneous rocks		
Week 11	Igneous rocks		
Week 12	Sedimentary rocks		
Week 13	Sedimentary rocks		
Week 14	Fossils		
Week 15	Metamorphic rocks		
Week 16	Preparation of final exam		

	Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس		
	Text	Available in the Library?	
	-Physical geology by Steven Earle (2015).		
Required Texts	-laboratory manual in physical geology by Vincet S.	No	
	Cronin		
Recommended	Stephen Marshak - Essentials of Geology-W. W. Norton &	No	
Texts	Company (2022)	INU	
Websites			

	Grading Scheme مخطط الدرجات				
Group	Group Grade التقدير Marks % Definition				
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance	
	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors	
Success Group (50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors	
(30 - 100)	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings	
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria	
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded	
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required	

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	General geology 2			Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type	Core				⊠Theory	
Module Code	GEO-121				⊠Lecture ⊠Lab □Tutorial □Practical □Seminar	
ECTS Credits		8				
SWL (hr/sem)		79				
Module Level		1	Semester o	f Deliver	Delivery 1	
Administering Department Type		Type Dept. Code	College	Type College Code		
Module Leader	Ibrahim Musta	fa Abbas	s e-mail ibmgeol		logy@gmail.com	
Module Leader's Acad. Title		Lecturer	Module Lea	nder's Qualification Ph.D.		Ph.D.
Module Tutor	Ibrahim Mustafa Abbas		e-mail	ibmgeology@gmail.com		l
Peer Reviewer Name Name		e-mail	E-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules			
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	None	Semester	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester	

Modu	lle Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents
IVIOUC	
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية
	1. Define selected vocabulary from the assigned chapters and employ them in
	understanding and explaining topics.
	2. Discuss the basic principles of scientific inquiry and apply them to current research
	and to past discoveries of theories.
	3. Differentiate between the three types of plate boundaries by noting common
	geologic features and processes. Summarize how these boundaries form.
	4. Classify common physical properties and differentiate minerals and rocks.
	5. Summarize the relationship between the chemical and physical properties of minerals.
	6. Classify the igneous, metamorphic, and sedimentary rocks to determine how they
	formed.
	7. Compare how different types of magma form and explain their relationship to the
Module Objectives	formation of intrusive and volcanic igneous features.
أهداف المادة الدراسية	8. Compare and contrast weathering and erosion.
	g and a second
	9. Identify strata, faults, and folds and summarize the forces and tectonic settings
	that lead to their formation.
	10. Apply the principles of relative dating to interpret the geologic history of a cross-
	section. Understand the geologic time scale.
	11. Explain what causes earthquakes and earthquake destruction
	12. Differentiate the internal structure and composition of the Earth.
	13. Understanding the formation of some primary and secondary structures.,.
	14. Explain the various parts of the hydrologic cycle including the interaction of
	surface and groundwater with the solid earth as well as features, and processes
	associated with streams.
	1 Explain the structure and composition of the earth, and the fundamental goological
	1-Explain the structure and composition of the earth, and the fundamental geological processes that have shaped the Earth.
	2-Explain key geological terms, definitions and theories (for example minerals, rocks,
	plate tectonics, weathering)
	3-Define, classify and describe sediments, minerals, rocks and their formation
	4-Discuss how different earth processes (for example plate tectonics, erosion,
Module Learning	sedimentation) work and interact, and how different minerals, rocks and landforms
Outcomes	that result from various processes.
	5-Discuss the link between cause and effect for different geological processes (for
مخرجات التعلم للمادة	example the forces driving plate tectonics)
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	6-Explain how hydrological cycle work and what are the stream and river processes.
	7-Explain and define the features and structures that form by different geological
	processes such as volcanoes, stresses.
	8-interpret (read and explain) cross sections and figures with geological data.
	9-Summarize observations/data/principles graphically.
	10-Recognise and discuss different geological structures, landforms and processes
	To-necognise and discuss different geological structures, failulothis and processes

	11-Perform simple searches for relevant Earth Science literature, as well as cite
	sources correctly.
	12-Use a precise geological language to describe and discuss geological processes and
	events.
	13-Demonstrate the ability to function individually, in cooperation and ethically with
	others.
	14-Acknowledge, evaluate and communicate the role of humans in, and our
	dependency and impact on the Earth system
Indicative Contents	
المحتويات الإرشادية	

Learning and Teaching Strategies					
	استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials and by considering types of simple experiments involving some sampling activities that are interesting to the students. Students become active participants in a class when they write, discuss, and question the material given to them. Prepare students for successful scientific, technical or management in the geosciences or related fields. Encourage the growth of knowledge-based geology science.				

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)	109	Structured SWL (h/w)	7	
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	109	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	,	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	91	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	6	
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	91	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	6	
Total SWL (h/sem)	200			
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	200			

Module Evaluation				
تقييم المادة الدراسية				
	Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning

					Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)			
المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري			
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Structural geology Basic concept of rock deformation. Concept of Stress. Concept of strain: Homogeneous and inhomogeneous strain, Concept of brittle and ductile deformation		
Week 2	Folds Fold morphology; elements of folds		
Week 3	Concept of strike and dip, trend and plunge Geometric and genetic classification of folds		
Week 4	Fractures and joints Faults, Faults and joints. What is fractures and faults, definition		
Week 5	Faults and types of faults Geometric classification of faults, Criteria for recognition of faults		
Week 6	Earthquakes Earthquake and earthquake belts: seismic waves		
Week 7	Unconformities Unconformity and its types, Recognition of unconformity.		
Week 8	Weathering What are weathering, what is the erosion and what different between them.		
Week 9	Weathering Weathering and erosion: factors, types and their effects; Types of weathering		
Week 10	Mass wasting What are mass wasting and cause		
Week 11	Mass wasting Types of mass wasting		
Week 12	Hydrology Definition of hydrogeology, Hydrological cycle.		
Week 13	Types of streams, stream loads, stream parameters.		
Week 14	Aquifers and Groundwater flow		
Week 15	Types of aquifers— unconfined, confined and semi-confined.		
Week 16	Preparation of final exam		

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)		
المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
	Material Covered	
Week 1	Topographic nap	
Week 2	Topographic map	
Week 3	Cross section	
Week 4	Cross section	
Week 5	Geological maps	
Week 6	Geological map	
Week 7	Geological map	
Week 8	Drawing of strike	
Week 9	Determination of beds dip	
Week 10	Determination of bed thickness	
Week 11	Drawing of geological column	
Week 12	Determination of location on map	
Week 13	Hydrological maps	
Week 14	Hydrological maps	
Week 15	Hydrological maps	
Week 16	Preparation of final exam	

Learning and Teaching Resources				
مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts	-Physical geology by Steven Earle (2015)laboratory manual in physical geology by Vincet S.	No		
	Cronin			
Recommended	Stephen Marshak - Essentials of Geology-W. W. Norton &	No		
Texts	Company (2022)			
Websites				

Grading Scheme مخطط الدرجات							
Group							
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance			
	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors			
Success Group (50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors			
(30 - 100)	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings			
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria			
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded			
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required			

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	Crystallography			Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠ Theory	
Module Code		GEO-112			☐ Lecture	
ECTS Credits		8			⊠ Lab	
					□ Tutorial	
SWL (hr/sem)		200	200		☐ Practical	
					☑ Seminar	
Module Level		1	Semester of Delivery 1		1	
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	Science	Science collage	
Module Leader	Muaiad Tahir	Ahmed	e-mail	E-mail	muaiad.tahir@	uodiyala.edu.iq
Module Leader's Acad. Title Assistant R		Assistant Professor	Module Leader's Qualification M.SC.		M.SC.	
Module Tutor	Name (if available)		e-mail	E-mail	E-mail	
Peer Reviewer Name Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	Prerequisite module None Semester				
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents				
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية			
Madula Ohiastivas	This course focuses on the fundamentals of crystallography. We will start from the External			
Module Objectives	characteristics of crystals, the crystal systems, and the Elements of Crystal Symmetry. This			
أهداف المادة الدراسية	course also covers the principles and applications of stereographic projections and their application to the cubic system, coordination number and Crystal structure.			
	Through lectures and practical exercise, the students will be course enables understand the			
	basic concepts of crystallography.			
Module Leaveine	At the end of this course, students will be able to:			
Module Learning	1) Understand the concept of External characteristics of crystals, Elements of Crystal			
Outcomes	Symmetry, Crystal Form & Habit then will can be Crystal Drawing & Crystal			
	Projection and the general rules of lattice directions and planes. 2) Acquire the ability to handle stereographic projections of the cubic system			
".(() m)(m)				
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	3) Zone, Miller index, interplanar distance, coordination number			
الدراسية	4) Understand the 32 Crystal spacies, Crystal structure			
	Indicative content includes the following.			
	Introduction to Crystallography_[5 hrs]			
	crystallography, branch of science that deals with discerning the arrangement and bonding of atoms in crystalline solids and with the geometric structure of crystal lattices. Classically, the optical properties of crystals were of value in mineralogy and chemistry for the identification of substances.			
	External characteristics of crystals_[15 hrs]			
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Crystals characterized by well-developed crystal faces (external surfaces) are described as euhedral .			
المعتون الإرسانية	Elements of Crystal Symmetry [20 hrs]			
	The elements of symmetry in a crystal are plane of symmetry, axis of symmetry and center of symmetry. A cubic crystal has maximum symmetry. Plane of symmetry is that imaginary plane which passes through the center of the crystal and divides it into two equal portions (just mirror images of each other).			
	Crystal Form & Habit [15 hrs]			
	In mineralogy, crystal habit is the characteristic external shape of an individual crystal or aggregate of crystals. The habit of a crystal is dependent on its crystallographic form and growth conditions, which generally creates irregularities due to limited space in the crystallizing medium (commonly in rocks).			

Crystal systems [30 hrs]

A crystal system is a set of axes. In other words, the structure is an ordered array of atoms, ions or molecules. Crystal Structure is obtained by attaching atoms, groups of atoms or molecules. This structure occurs from the intrinsic nature of the constituent particles to produce symmetric patterns.

Twin Crystals [15 hrs]

twin crystal. A composite of two or more crystal individuals having a definite crystallographic relationship to each other.

Crystal Drawing & Crystal Projection_[20 hrs]

A Crystal projection is a quantitative method of representing a three dimensional crystal on a two dimensional planar surface. Different projections are used for different purposes but each has its own set of rules so that the projection bears a known and reproducible relationship to the crystal.

Zone, Miller index [15 hrs]

A zone is defined as a group of crystal faces that intersect in parallel edges. Since the edges will all be parallel to a line, we can define that the direction of the line using a notation similar to Miller Indices. This notation is called the zone symbol.

interplanar distance [15 hrs]

The interplanar spacing dhkl between adjacent planes having Miller indices (hkl) is defined as the distance between first such plane from a parallel plane passing through the origin.

coordination number [15hrs]

coordination number, the number of atoms, ions, or molecules that a central atom or ion holds as its nearest neighbors in a complex or coordination compound or in a crystal.

32 Crystal spacies [15 hrs]

There are 32 possible combinations of symmetry operations that define the external symmetry of crystals. These 32 possible combinations result in the 32 crystal classes.

Crystal structure [20 hrs]

A crystal structure is defined as the particular repeating arrangement of atoms (molecules or ions) throughout a crystal. Structure refers to the internal arrangement of particles and not the external appearance of the crystal.

Learning and Teaching Strategies					
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم					
Strategies					

The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials.

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)	70	Structured SWL (h/w)	_	
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	79	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	404	Unstructured SWL (h/w)		
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	121	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	8	

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative assessment	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

 Total SWL (h/sem)

 200

 الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)		
المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري			
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Introduction to Crystallography		
Week 2	External characteristics of crystals		
Week 3	Elements of Crystal Symmetry		
Week 4	Crystal Form & Habit		
Week 5	Triclinic sys.		
Week 6	Monoclinic Sys.		
Week 7	Orthorhombic Sys.		
Week 8	Tetragonal Sys.		
Week 9	Hexagonal & Trigonal Sys.		
Week 10	Cubic Sys.		
Week 11	Twin Crystals		
Week 12	Crystal Drawing & Crystal Projection		
Week 13	Zone, Miller index, interplanar distance, coordination number		
Week 14	32 Crystal spacies		
Week 15	Crystal structure		

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)			
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر			
Lab	Material Covered			
Week 1	Lab 1: Introduction to Crystallography			

Week 2	Lab 2: Crystal Axes and Axial Angles
Week 3	Lab 3: Crystal systems
Week 4	Lab 4: Cubic, Tetragonal and Orthorhombic systems
Week 5	Lab 5: Hexagonal and Trigonal systems
Week 6	Lab 6: Monoclinic and Triclinic systems
Week 7	Lab 7: Miller Indices, zone
Week 8	Lab 8: Miller's coefficients
Week 9	Lab 9: Example for Miller's coefficients
Week 10	Lab 10: Drawing crystals by oblique projection method
Week 11	Lab 11: Crystal lattice 1D
Week 12	Lab 12: Crystal lattice 2D
Week 13	Lab 13: Crystal lattice 3D
Week 14	Lab 14: Drawing Crystal structure
Week 15	Lab 15: Drawing crystals by spherical and stereoscopic projection

Learning and Teaching Resources			
مصادر التعلم والتدريس			
	Text	Available in the Library?	
Required Texts		Yes	
Recommended Texts		No	
Websites			

Grading Scheme	
مخطط الدرجات	

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية				
Module Title	Mineralogy	Module Delivery		
Module Type	Core	☑ Theory		
Module Code	GEO-122	☐ Lecture		
ECTS Credits	8	⊠ Lab		
SWL (hr/sem)	200	☐ Tutorial		

					☐ Practical	
					⊠ Seminar	
Module Level		1	Semester of Delivery 2		2	
Administering Department		GEO	College	Science collage		
Module Leader	Muaiad Tahir Ahmed		e-mail	E-mail muaiad.tahir@ uodiyala.edu.iq		uodiyala.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Module Leader's Acad. Title		Module Leader's Qualification M.SC.		M.SC.	
Module Tutor	Module Tutor Name (if available)		e-mail	E-mail		
Peer Reviewer Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules				
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	Crystallography	Semester	1	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	sodimentary and metamorphic rocks in hand specimen and using a petrological microscope			
Module Learning	At the end of this course, students will be able to:			
Outcomes	 Identify minerals and igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks using hand specimens and a petrological microscope. Describe geological materials and their physical and optical properties at a range of scales and reach informed conclusions about their possible identity and origins. 			
مخرجات التعلم للمادة	3) Evaluate and interpret the underlying concepts of the terminology, nomenclature and			

الدراسية	classification of minerals and rocks.				
	Indicative content includes the following.				
	Introduction to Minerals [10 hrs]				
	The basic concepts of mineralogy, mineralogy, scientific discipline that is concerned with all aspects of minerals, including their physical properties, chemical composition, internal crystal structure, and occurrence and distribution in nature and their origins in terms of the physicochemical conditions of formation.				
	Crystal Chemistry [20 hrs]				
	Crystal chemistry is the study of the principles of chemistry behind crystals and their use in describing structure-property relations in solids.				
	Physical Properties of minerals [10 hrs]				
	The physical properties of minerals are determined by the atomic structure and crystal chemistry of the minerals. The most common physical properties are crystal form, color, hardness, cleavage, and specific gravity. One of the best ways to identify a mineral is by examining its crystal form (external shape).				
Indicative Content	Chemical Formula of minerals [20 hrs]				
المحتويات الإرشادية	Chemical mineralogy is the study of chemical formula, percentage contribution of individual elements, and other chemical properties of the minerals. Classification of minerals based on metallic/nonmetallic.				
	Classification of minerals [10 hrs]				
	Since the middle of the 19th century, minerals have been classified on the basis of their chemical composition. Under this scheme, they are divided into classes according to their dominant anion or anionic group (e.g., halides, oxides, and sulfides). Several reasons justify use of this criterion as the distinguishing factor at the highest level of mineral classification. First, the similarities in properties of minerals with identical anionic groups are generally more pronounced than those with the same dominant cation. For example, carbonates have stronger resemblance to one another than do copper minerals. Secondly, minerals that have identical dominant anions are likely to be found in the same or similar geologic environments.				
	Native minerals[10 hrs]				
	Minerals made from just a single element, bonded to itself. Examples include gold, silver, copper, and diamond, which is a native version of carbon.				
	Sulfide minerals [10 hrs]				

sulfide mineral, sulfide also spelled sulphide, any member of a group of compounds of sulfur with one or more metals. Most of the sulfides are simple structurally, exhibit high symmetry in their crystal forms, and have many of the properties of metals, including metallic lustre and electrical conductivity.

Sulfosalts minerals [10 hrs]

Sulfosalt minerals are those that contain sulfur with antimony, arsenic, or bismuth.

Oxide minerals [10 hrs]

The oxide group of minerals include naturally occurring compounds where oxygen is combined with one or more metals such as iron, manganese, aluminum, chromium, titanium and copper.

Hydroxide minerals [10 hrs]

A group of minerals containing metallic elements combined with water (H_2O) or hydroxyl (OH). The hydroxides are a subgroup of the oxides group. Goethite is a Member of the Hydroxides.

Halide minerals [10 hrs]

Halide minerals are a group of naturally occurring inorganic compounds that are salts of the halogen acids and encompass minerals with a dominant halide anion (F^- , Cl^- , Br^- , and l^-). Complex halide minerals can also have polyatomic anions addition to, or that include, halides.

Nitrate minerals [10 hrs]

These minerals are few in number and with the exception of soda niter are of rare occurrence. Normal anhydrous and hydrated nitrates occurring as minerals are soda niter, NaNO3; niter, KNO3; ammonia niter, NH4NO3; nitrobarite, Ba(NO3)2; nitrocalcite, Ca(NO3)2·4H2O; and nitromagnesite, Mg(NO3)2·6H2O.

Phosphate minerals [10 hrs]

phosphate mineral, any of a group of naturally occurring inorganic salts of phosphoric acid, $H_3(PO_4)$. More than 200 species of phosphate minerals are recognized, and structurally they all have isolated (PO_4) tetrahedral units.

Vanadate minerals [10 hrs]

vanadate mineral, any of the many naturally occurring compounds of vanadium (V), oxygen (O), and various metals; most of these minerals are rare, having crystallized under very restricted conditions.

Carbonate minerals [10 hrs]

Carbonate minerals containing Ca, Mg, Fe, and Mn are widespread and found in numerous geological environments. Calcite, dolomite and aragonite are very common in a variety of sedimentary settings and here their formation is often directly or indirectly related to the activity of biological organisms.

Sulfate minerals [10 hrs]

Sulfate minerals. Sulfate minerals are characterized by the essential presence of oxidized sulfur, in the form of ${\rm SO}^{2^-}_4$ ions. Within the sulfate molecule, four oxygen atoms are covalently bonded to sulfur in a tetrahedral arrangement, to form a discrete anionic species.

Silicate minerals [10 hrs]

Silicate minerals are the most common of Earth's minerals and include quartz, feldspar, mica, amphibole, pyroxene, and olivine. Silica tetrahedra, made up of silicon and oxygen, form chains, sheets, and frameworks, and bond with other cations to form silicate minerals.

Feldspathoids minerals [10 hrs]

The feldspathoid group minerals are **sodium**, **potassium**, **and calcium aluminosilicates**, many of which resemble the feldspars in appearance. Like the feldspars, they have framework structures that consist of silica and alumina tetrahedrons.

	Learning and Teaching Strategies				
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم					
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials.				

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)	70	Structured SWL (h/w)	F	
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	79	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)		Unstructured SWL (h/w)		
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	121	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	8	

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

 Total SWL (h/sem)

 200

 الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)			
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري			
	Material Covered			
Week 1	Introduction to Minerals			

Week 2	Crystal Chemistry
Week 3	Physical Properties of minerals
Week 4	Chemical Formula of minerals
Week 5	Classification of minerals
Week 6	Native minerals
Week 7	Sulfide minerals
Week 8	Sulfosalts minerals
Week 9	Oxide minerals
Week 10	Hydroxide & Halide minerals
Week 11	Nitrate & Phosphate & Vanadate minerals
Week 12	Carbonate minerals
Week 13	Sulfate minerals
Week 14	Silicate minerals
Week 15	Fedspathoids minerals

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
Lab	Material Covered		
Week 1	Lab 1: Methods of studying Minerals		
Week 2	Lab 2: Classification of minerals		
Week 3	Lab 3: Physical properties of minerals		
Week 4	Lab 4: Calculating specific weight of minerals		
Week 5	Lab 5: Mohs Scale		

Week 6	Lab 6: hand specimen of Mohs scale
Week 7	Lab 7: hand specimen of other minerals
Week 8	Lab 8: hand specimen of other minerals
Week 9	Lab 9: hand specimen of other minerals
Week 10	Lab 10: Blow pipe & Charcoal
Week 11	Lab 11: Bead test
Week 12	Lab 12: Flame test
Week 13	Lab 13: Calculating Coordination number
Week 14	Lab 14: Examples of Coordination number
Week 15	Lab 15: Problems for finding the chemical formulas of minerals

	Learning and Teaching Resources						
	مصادر التعلم والتدريس						
	Text	Available in the Library?					
Required Texts							
	INTRODUCTION TO MINERALOGY AND PETROLOGY S. K. HALDAR						
Recommended Texts	Emeritus Scientist, Dept. of Applied Geology & Environmental System Management, Presidency University, Kolkata-700 073, and IMX Resources Limited, Australia. Formerly, Hindustan Zinc Limited, Hindustan Copper Limited, ESSO INC and BIL Infratech Ltd, India. JOSIP Formerly Professors, Head, Director, President and Dean, Department of Mining, Geology and Petroleum Engineering,	No					
Websites	University of Zagreb, Croatia Geology.com						

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جید جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
,	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	Minerals chemistry			Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠ Theory	
Module Code		GEO23113			□ Lecture 図 Lab	
ECTS Credits		5			☐ Tutorial ☐ Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)	125				□ Seminar	
Module Level		2	Semester o	emester of Delivery 3		3
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	Science	collage	
Module Leader	Muaiad Tahir	Ahmed	e-mail	E-mail	muaiad.tahir@	uodiyala.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Assistant Professor	Module Lea	Leader's Qualification M.SC.		M.SC.
Module Tutor Name (if available) e-mail		e-mail	E-mail			
Peer Reviewer Name Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date 10/2/2025		Version Nu	mber	1.0		

Relation with other Modules				
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	GEO1218	Semester	2	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents				
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية			
	Student Learning Objectives During this module you will:			
	Describe periodicity in the chemical characteristics of elements listed in order of increasing atomic number or mass.			
Module Objectives	2. Predict element substitutions in minerals using chemical characteristics (electronegativity, ionic size, valence, etc.), and define element substitutions in common solid solution series as simple, coupled, omission, or interstitial.			
أهداف المادة الدراسية	3. Hypothesize which minerals have similar characteristics (physical and optical properties) on the basis of their chemical formulas, thereby demonstrating understanding the importance of anionic groups.			
	4. Demonstrate understanding of phase diagrams for any one-component system: anticipate reactions that occur due to a change in temperature or pressure, describe difference between displacive and reconstructive polymorphs, discuss element ordering on atomic sites in the formation of polymorphs.			
	5. Identify primitive and non-primitive unit cells.			
Module Learning Outcomes	 Students will Explain how element combine and pack to form minerals and how different ions can be substituded in crystal latices. Explain the principle of mineral classification and assign minerals to a mineral group by their chemical formula. Describe crystal structure, crystal growth, and the types of structural defects 			
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	that occur in minerals. Use a phase diagram to calculate the crystal composition of a substitutional solid solution in a partial melt at different temperatures. • Classify silicates minerals according structure.			
	Indicative content includes the following.			
	 Introduction of Minerals chemistry [5 hrs] Interior of the Earth [7hrs] The interior of the Earth is made up of three parts: crust, mantle, and core. The inner core is found to be in a solid state, and the outer core is in a liquid state. The outermost layer of Earth is called the crust. 			
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	• Composition of the Crust Rocks [8 hrs] About 98% of the total crust is made up of eight elements as oxygen, silicon, aluminium, iron, calcium, sodium, potassium, and magnesium. The rest is constituted by elements like titanium, hydrogen, phosphorous, manganese, sulphur, carbon, nickel and others.			
	• Genesis of Minerals [7 hrs] In mineralogy, genesis refers to both primary crystallization and the subsequent history of minerals, which may include structural transitions, changes in texture (e.g., grain coarsening), exsolution processes and chemical reactions (e.g., oxidation).			
	• The Sedimentary Environment [8 hrs] The sedimentary environment is the specific depositional setting of a particular sedimentary rock and is unique in terms of physical, chemical, and biological characteristics. The physical			

features of a sedimentary environment include water depth and the velocity and persistence of currents.

• The Igneous & Metamorphic Environment [10 hrs]

Igneous rocks form as molten rock cools and solidifies. Two environments are distinguished: underground - in which case the melt is called 'magma' and the rock that results from its solidification is described as 'intrusive'.

Metamorphic rocks form when rocks are subjected to high heat, high pressure, hot mineral-rich fluids or, more commonly, some combination of these factors. Conditions like these are found deep within the Earth or where tectonic plates meet.

• Geochemical classification of elements, valence number, chemical bonds, crystal properties [10 hrs]

Elements are commonly divided into major, minor and trace elements. Major elements are considered to be primary structural elements in major minerals, typically with concentrations above 0.2–0.4%.

• **Silicate minerals** [8 hrs]

Silicate minerals are the most common of Earth's minerals and include quartz, feldspar, mica, amphibole, pyroxene, and olivine. Silica tetrahedra, made up of silicon and oxygen, form chains, sheets, and frameworks, and bond with other cations to form silicate minerals.

• Coordination & Coordination Number [7 hrs]

the number of points of attachment between the ligands and the metal.

• **Crystal Structure** [10 hrs]

A crystal structure is defined as the particular repeating arrangement of atoms (molecules or ions) throughout a crystal. Structure refers to the internal arrangement of particles and not the external appearance of the crystal.

• Atomic Substitution & Solid Solutions [8 hrs]

Substitutional solid solutions are those in which the atoms of the minor component (solute) are substituted for the atoms of the major component (solvent) on the lattice positions normally occupied by the solvent atoms.

• Formation and Growth of Crystals [8 hrs]

Crystal growth is a major stage of a crystallization process, and consists of the addition of new atoms, ions, or polymer strings into the characteristic arrangement of the crystalline lattice.

• Crystallization of Solid Solution [7 hrs]

Crystallization is a process or unit operation of producing crystals or crystalline substances. It can occur from melts, solutions, or vapors. Crystalline solids need not be single crystals. Usually they are composed of an aggregate of crystals, which can be distinguished as separate entities under the microscope.

• Phase Rule and the Chemical System [7 hrs]

The phase rule describes the possible number of degrees of freedom in an enclosed system at equilibrium, in terms of the number of separate phases and the number of chemical constituents in the system. It was deduced by J.W Gibbs in the 1870s.

• **Crystal Growth** [8 hrs]

Crystal growth is a major stage of a crystallization process, and consists of the addition of new atoms, ions, or polymer strings into the characteristic arrangement of the crystalline lattice.

	Learning and Teaching Strategies			
	استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم			
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials.			

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessme	ent		100% (100 Marks)		

Student Workload (SWL)

الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا

Structured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	Structured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	61	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4

Total SWL (h/sem)	
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	125

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)					
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري				
	Material Covered				
Week 1	Introduction of Minerals chemistry				
Week 2	Interior of the Earth & Composition of the Crust Rocks				
Week 3	Genesis of Minerals				
Week 4	The Igneous Environment				
Week 5	The Sedimentary Environment				
Week 6	The Metamorphic Environment				
Week 7	Geochemical classification of elements, valence number, chemical bonds, crystal properties				
Week 8	Silicate minerals				
Week 9	Coordination & Coordination Number				
Week 10	Crystal Structure				
Week 11	Atomic Substitution & Solid Solutions				
Week 12	Formation and Growth of Crystals				
Week 13	Crystallization of Solid Solution				
Week 14	Phase Rule and the Chemical System				
Week 15	Crystal Growth				

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus) المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر Lab **Material Covered** Week 1 Lab 1: Minerals Groups Week 2 Lab 2: Chemical formula of mineral Week 3 Lab 3: Example for chemical Formula of minerals Week 4 Lab 4: Example for chemical Formula of minerals Week 5 Lab 5: Example for chemical Formula of minerals Week 6 Lab 6: Example for chemical Formula of minerals Week 7 Lab 7: Example for chemical Formula of minerals Week 8 Lab 8: Example for chemical Formula of minerals Week 9 Lab: Coordination number Week 10 Lab 10: Drawing crystal structure Week 11 Lab 11: Minerals Test Blow pipe & Charcoal Week 12 Lab 12: Bead test Week 13 Lab 13: Flame test Week 14 Lab 14: Spectroscopic Techniques: XRF Week 15 Lab 15: Spectroscopic Techniques: XRD

	Learning and Teaching Resources					
	مصادر التعلم والتدريس					
	Text	Available in the Library?				
		كيمياء المعادن والخامات				
Required Texts		د.عادل كمال جميل				
		علي فليح عجام				

Recommended	
Texts	
Websites	https://www2.tulane.edu/~sanelson/eens211/crystal_chemistry.htm

Grading Scheme						
	مخطط الدرجات					
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition		
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance		
Success Group	B - Very Good	جید جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors		
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors		
(33 233)	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings		
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria		
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded		
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required		

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title		Igneous Rocks		Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core			☑ Theory	
Module Code		GEO23014			□ Lecture 図 Lab	
ECTS Credits	5				☐ Tutorial ☐ Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)	125			□ Seminar		
Module Level		2	Semester of Delivery 3		3	
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	Science collage		
Module Leader	Muaiad Tahir	Ahmed	e-mail	E-mail	muaiad.tahir@	uodiyala.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Assistant Professor	Module Lea	eader's Qualification M.SC.		M.SC.
Module Tutor Name (if available)		able)	e-mail	E-mail		
Peer Reviewer Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules				
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module		Semester		
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	The student will be able to relate igneous rocks to plate tectonics. understand basic petro genetic processes and he will be able to interpret information derived from thin-section and hand-specimen analysis. Igneous rocks are also very important because their mineral and chemical makeup can be used to learn about the composition, temperature and pressure that exists within the Earth's mantle and much about the tectonic environment, given that they are closely linked to the convection of tectonic plates.				
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة	 Identify igneous rocks using hand specimens and a petrological microscope. Define the characteristics of an igneous rock. Discuss the role of melting and subsequent cooling in the rock cycle. Identify the tectonic environment 				
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Source Anatomy of the earth [5 hrs] Magma is extremely hot liquid and semi-liquid rock located under Earth's surface. Earth has a layered structure that consists of the inner core, outer core, mantle, and crust. Much of the planet's mantle consists of magma. This magma can push through holes or cracks in the crust, causing a volcanic eruption. • Magmatic and Plate tectonics [10 hrs] Igneous rocks form from magmas, and most magmas are associated with plate tectonics. Mafic (basaltic) and ultramafic magmas form along the divergent mid-oceanic ridges and are major components of new oceanic crust. Physical properties of magma [The properties of magmas include temperature, density, viscosity, gas content and abundance. • Textures and structures of Igneous rocks [10 hrs] The texture of an igneous rock (fine-grained vs coarse-grained) is dependent on the rate of cooling of the melt: slow cooling allows large crystals to form, fast cooling yields small crystals. The structure of an igneous rock is normally taken to comprise the mutual relationships of mineral or mineral-glass aggregates that have contrasting textures, along with layering, fractures, and other larger-scale features that transect or bound such aggregates. • Classification of Igneous rocks [5 hrs] Igneous rocks can be divided into four categories based on their chemical composition: felsic, intermediate, mafic, and ultramafic. • MORB and depleted mantle [5 hrs] The depleted mantle is the part of Earth's mantle from which basaltic melt has been extracted in one or multiple melting events at, for example, mid-ocean ridges, hot spots, or island arcs. • Evolution of depleted mantle, Evolution of the Enriched mantle [10 hrs]				

The depleted mantle (DM) has undergone a complex geological evolution. Depleted mantle that has formed at mid-ocean ridges, hot spots, or island arcs is transported with the overlying oceanic crust and eventually subducted at convergent plate margins.

Enriched Mantle – region in the mantle that is enriched in incompatible trace elements with respect to a primitive mantle model.

• Island arc basalts, Concept of Hot spot [10 hrs]

An island arc forms at a converging plate boundary where one oceanic plate sinks beneath another oceanic plate. A hot spot volcano forms in continental or oceanic crust where magma from the mantle erupts. Hot spot volcanoes often are far from plate boundaries.

Mantle Plumes – Theory and structure [10 hrs]

A mantle plume is posited to exist where super-heated material forms (nucleates) at the coremantle boundary and rises through the Earth's mantle.

• Trace element characterization of mantle domains [5 hrs]

In analytical chemistry, a trace element is one whose average concentration is less than 100 parts per million (ppm) measured in the atomic count or less than 100 micrograms per gram.

Phase relations of silicates and silicate melts, Binary and ternary systems
 [10 hrs]

The term *phase* refers to any compositionally and physically distinctive substance. Phases may be solids, liquids or gases.

binary forms have two large sections (we hear that B merges with the following A), while ternary forms have three large sections

A physical-chemical system having three components. [10 hrs]

A system with two components is termed as a Binary system. Binary phase relations can be of different types such as a solid solution, eutectic system, and a eutectic system with a peritectic reaction.

Partial melting, Magmatic differentiation – Crystal fractionation, gravitational settling, flow Partial melting is the transformation of some fraction of the mass of a solid rock into a liquid as a result of decompression, heat input, or addition of a flux.

Fractional crystallization refers to processes which separate crystals from liquid. Gravitational settling is one of the most efficient means of separating solids from surrounding liquid.

Flow structures in igneous rocks are formed in the fluid stage.

• Differentiation, flow crystallization, filter pressing, liquid immiscibility [10 hrs]

In geology, igneous differentiation, or magmatic differentiation, is an umbrella term for the various processes by which magmas undergo bulk chemical change during the partial melting process, cooling, emplacement, or eruption.

Zone melting Contamination [10 hrs]

Igneous rocks form through the crystallization of magma. There is a considerable range of melting temperatures for different compositions of magma. All the silicates are molten at

about 1200°C and all are solid when cooled to about 600°C.

• **Mixing of magmas** [5 hrs]

Magma mixing or mingling is a popular hypothesis, generally proposed in terms of blending between a crustal melt and mafic material from the mantle that caused that melting.

• Role of Volatile components, Pyroclastic rocks [10 hrs]

Water and carbon dioxide are the most abundant volatile components in terrestrial magmas. As they absolve into magmatic vapor, they promote magma buoyancy, accelerating ascent and modulating eruptive dynamics.

Pyroclastic rocks have characteristics of both igneous or sedimentary rocks. They are composed exclusively of volcanic materials, yet are made up of fragments and grains like sedimentary rocks, and may be reworked by wind and flowing water.

Learning and Teaching Strategies استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials.			

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
Formative assessment	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10

Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

Student Workload (SWL)				
۱۰ اسبوعا	الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا			
Structured SWL (h/sem)		Structured SWL (h/w)	_	
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	6.1	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	_	
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	61	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4	
Total SWL (h/sem)				
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	125			

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)			
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري			
	Material Covered			
Week 1	Magma definition, Source Anatomy of the earth			
Week 2	Magmatic and Plate tectonics, Physical properties of magma – geothermal gradient, heat source, Igneous activity at the present day			
Week 3	Textures and structures of Igneous rocks			
Week 4	Classification of Igneous rocks			
Week 5	MORB and depleted mantle			
Week 6	Evolution of depleted mantle , Evolution of the Enriched mantle			
Week 7	Island arc basalts , Concept of Hot spot			

Week 8	Mantle Plumes – Theory and structure ,
Week 9	Trace element characterization of mantle domains
Week 10	Phase relations of silicates and silicate melts , Binary and ternary systems
Week 11	Partial melting ,Magmatic differentiation – Crystal fractionation, gravitational settling, flow
Week 12	Differentiation, flow crystallization, filter pressing, liquid immiscibility
Week 13	Zone melting Contamination
Week 14	Mixing of magmas
Week 15	Role of Volatile components , Pyroclastic rocks

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
Lab	Material Covered		
Week 1	Lab 1: Introduction to Igneous rocks		
Week 2	Lab 2: Classification of igneous rock		
Week 3	Lab 3: Felsic rocks		
Week 4	Lab 4:Intermediate rocks		
Week 5	Lab 5: Mafic rocks Ultra mafic rock		
Week 6	Lab 6: Ultra mafic rock		
Week 7	Lab 7: Intrusive igneous rocks		
Week 8	Lab 8: Extrusive Igneous rocks		
Week 9	Lab 9: Thin section Felsic rocks		
Week 10	Lab 10:Thin section intermediate rocks		
Week 11	Lab 11: Thin section mafic and ultramafic rocks		
Week 12	Lab 12: CIPW		

Week 13	Lab 13: CIPW
Week 14	Lab 14:CIPW
Week 15	Lab 15: CIPW

Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
Required Texts	Text	Available in the Library?		
Recommended Texts	Igneous Rocks and Processes A Practical Guide			
Websites	Geology.com			

Grading Scheme مخطط الدرجات Grade Marks % **Definition** Group التقدير A - Excellent 90 - 100 **Outstanding Performance** امتياز **B** - Very Good جيد جدا 80 - 89 Above average with some errors **Success Group** C - Good 70 - 79 Sound work with notable errors جيد (50 - 100) **D** - Satisfactory 60 - 69 متوسط Fair but with major shortcomings **E** - Sufficient مقبول 50 - 59 Work meets minimum criteria راسب (قيد المعالجة) **Fail Group** FX - Fail (45-49)More work required but credit awarded (0 - 49)F - Fail راسب (0-44)Considerable amount of work required

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

	Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية					
Module Title		Hydrology		Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠Theory □Lecture ⊠Lab □Tutorial □Practical	
Module Code		GEO23015				
ECTS Credits		5				
SWL (hr/sem)	125				☐ Seminar	
Module Level		UGII	Semester of Delivery 3		3	
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	e COS		
Module Leader	Asem Ahmed	Hassan	e-mail	asem.a	hmed@uodiyala	.edu.iq
Module Leader's Acad. Title		Professor	Module Leader's Qualification Ph.D.		Ph.D.	
Module Tutor	dule Tutor None		e-mail	None		
Peer Reviewer Name		None	e-mail E-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Number 1.0			

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester			
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents				
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية			
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	To gain knowledge about: 1. The basics of Hydrology as one of the Geology branches. 2. Importance of Hydrology, major aspects of Hydrology, divisions, and applications 3. The basic hydrological processes and terminologies 4. The role and career paths of a hydrogeologist. 5. The water cycle and its components. 6. Estimation of hydrological processes such as precipitation, evaporation, infiltration, Runoff, etc. 7. Flood and flood types and flood management.			
	 The basics of groundwater hydrology. Appreciate that water is the most important substance on the earth and is a 			
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	 key factor for human existence and influencing the process of civilization. Define and explain fundamentals about the definition and subjects of hydrology, hydrological cycle, and hydrological processes. Explain basic terms about precipitation and perform data calculation of average precipitation, and how to present the rainfall data Explain basic terms about evaporation and evapotranspiration, how to calculate evaporation, and list the factors which affect evaporation. Explain basic terms about infiltration and analyze them, define infiltration rate and capacity Define infiltration and factors affecting infiltration and how to perform measurement of Infiltration. Define the basics of Flood types, impacts, and Flood control and protection methods. Appreciate the importance of groundwater, define basic terminology about groundwater, types of aquifers, explain basic terminology about groundwater Problem-solving through working on a range of hydrological data. Learning how to estimate the main hydrological processes. 			
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Indicative content includes the following. Introduction to Hydrology, Hydrologic Cycle, Hydrological Processes, Hydrologic Balance (Budget), Major Aspects of Hydrology, Applications of Hydrology, [15 hrs]			
	Water losses: Precipitation, Forms are Precipitation, Measurement of rainfall,			

Presentation of rainfall data, Average of Rainfall Calculation, [15 hrs]

Evaporation, Influencing Factors on Evaporation, Transpiration, Evaporation Measurement, Empirical Evaporation Formulas, [10 hrs]

Infiltration, Factors affecting infiltration, Measurement of Infiltration. [15 hrs]
Runoff, Factors affecting Runoff, Classification of streams, Stream Order, [10 hrs]
Hydrograph, Factors affecting the Hydrograph, Hydrograph Components. [15 hrs]
Floods, Types of Floods, Floods Impacts, Flood Design, Flood Control and Protection [15 hrs]

Groundwater, Types of Aquifers, Groundwater movement, Darcy's Law, Springs: [30 hrs]

Learning and Teaching Strategies				
استراتيجيات التعليم				
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students to participate in the lectures and exercises and expand their thinking skills. Students will learn the basic concepts of Hydrology in lectures and apply these concepts in practical classes involving lab experiments and exercises.			

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)		Structured SWL (h/w)		
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4.2	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)		Unstructured SWL (h/w)	_	
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	61	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4	
Total SWL (h/sem)		125		
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل		125		

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		,	100% (100 Marks)		

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري		
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Introduction to Hydrology		
Week 2	Precipitation		
Week 3	Measurements of rainfall		
Week 4	Average Precipitation calculation methods		
Week 5	Evaporation		
Week 6	Infiltration		
Week 7	Mid-term Exam		
Week 8	Runoff		

Week 9	Hydrograph
Week 10	Floods
Week 11	Flood control
Week 12	Introduction to groundwater
Week 13	Types of Aquifers
Week 14	Groundwater movements
Week 15	Springs
Week 16	A preparatory week before the Final Exam

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Hydrological data		
Week 2	The mass curve of precipitation		
Week 3	Hyetograph		
Week 4	Average Precipitation calculation methods		
Week 5	Evaporation calculation 1		
Week 6	Evaporation calculation 2		
Week 7	Infiltration calculation		
Week 8	Lab 8: Exam		
Week 9	Runoff calculation		
Week 10	Hydrograph separation		
Week 11	Discharge		
Week 12	Floods calculation		
Week 13	Groundwater flow 1		

W	Veek 14	Groundwater flow2
V	Veek 15	Groundwater velocity
W	Veek 16	Preparation of the final exam

Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts	Hydrology, Principles, Analysis, Design by H. M. Raghunath	No		
	1. Fundamentals of Hydrology by Time Davie			
Recommended Texts	2. Engineering Hydrology by E.M. Wilson	No		
	3. Advanced Hydrology by V.T. Chow			
Websites	https://www.usgs.gov/special-topics/water-science-school/science/what-hydrology#Intro			

Grading Scheme مخطط الدرجات						
Success Group (50 - 100)	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance		
	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors		
	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors		
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings		
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria		
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded		
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required		

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية							
Module Title			Modu	le Delivery			
Module Type		Core			⊠ Theory		
Module Code	GEO23016				□Lecture ⊠ Lab		
ECTS Credits		5			☐ Tutorial ☐ Practical		
SWL (hr/sem)		125		☐ Fractical ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐			
Module Level		2	Semester o	f Deliver	Delivery 3		
Administering De	partment	GEO	College	Science	Science collage		
Module Leader	Abdulqader ac	lnan khalaf	e-mail E-mail abdulkader@ uodiyala.edu.iq		odiyala.edu.iq		
Module Leader's Acad. Title		Assistant Lecture	Module Lea	ader's Qualification M.SC.		M.SC.	
Module Tutor Name (if availa		able)	e-mail	E-mail			
Peer Reviewer Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail	E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0		

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester			
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			
•					

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents				
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية			
Module Objectives	1- The course provides an overview of landforms, landforming processes, and landscape evolution.			
أهداف المادة الدراسية	 In particular, it aims to shed light on various landforming processes and how these depend on climate and tectonic regimes, and time. The course shall further convey an understanding of landforming processes on different temporal and spatial magnitudes. 			
	On completion of the course the student should have the following learning outcomes defined in terms of knowledge, skills and general competence:			
	Knowledge			
	The student can			
	explain principal terms, definitions and theories (e.g. conceptual approaches in geomorphology)			
	describe landforms and landforming processes in different climate zones and tectonic regimes			
	explain different theories and models for landscape evolution			
	discuss the development of micro to mega scale landforms and their lifespans			
	assess the mode of formation, age and history for landforms in Norway			
	Skills			
Module Learning	The student can			
Outcomes	plan and carry out a geomorphological field investigation (incl. observation, interpretation, report)			
	search and find relevant information to elucidate geomorphological problems			
مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	evaluate what information that requires citation in own essay texts, as well as apply a relevant tool for handling references			
	compare and discuss the formation of large-scale landforms involving both exogenous and endogenous processes			
	General competence			
	The student can			
	apply a precise geological language to describe and discuss geological processes, phenomena and theories			
	demonstrate the ability to function individually, in cooperation and ethically with others			
	acknowledge, evaluate and communicate the role of humans in, and our dependency and impact on, the Earth system			
	accomplish field work in alignment with GEO¿s/UiB¿s health and safety regulations			
	use field-based techniques to obtain and work with Earth science data			
	use libraries and scientific databases to retrieve relevant information, including the proper			

	citation of sources			
	Indicative content includes the following.			
	Introduction of Geomorphology			
	is the study of earth surface processes and landforms.			
	[10 hrs]			
	Topography			
	Topography is a term used to describe the Earth's surface. Topography includes a variety of different features, collectively referred to			
	as landforms.			
	[10 hrs]			
	Constructive and Destructive Processes			
	Constructive processes build landforms through tectonic and depositional processes.			
	[5 hrs]			
todiosii a Castasta	Genetic Landform Classification			
Indicative Contents	The genetic landform classification system groups landforms by the			
المحتويات الإرشادية	dominant set of geomorphic processes responsible for their formation.			
	This includes the following processes and associated landforms			
	[5 hrs]			
	Orogenesis			
	Orogenesis is the thickening of the continental crust and the building of			
	mountains over millions of years and it translates from Greek as "birth of			
	mountains", (oros is the Greek word for mountain).			
	[5 hrs]			
	Fractures and Joints			
	Joints occur where a rock breaks but there is no displacement or faulting associated			
	with the break ,Fractures are breaks in rocks that are often singular more random features and are not associated with a set of joints			
	[10 hrs]			

Lava Domes

Lava domes are rounded, steep-sided mounds built by very viscous magma that is resistant to flow and builds up forming a dome.

[5 hrs]

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Volcanic Landforms: Extrusive Igneous

[7 hrs]

.

Volcanic Landforms: Intrusive Igneous

[7 hrs]

River Systems and Fluvial Processes

Rivers are one of the most dominant agents of landscape change because their flowing waters are continually eroding, transporting, and depositing sediments.

[10 hrs]

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Mountain Streams

Mountain streams are high-gradient, low-order streams sourced from springs, rainfall, or snowmelt. They often contain a v-shaped valley, bedrock stream

bottom, rapids, waterfalls, and a very narrow flood plain.

[10 hrs]

Flood plains

Flood plains are the landform adjacent to the river channel that is influenced by modern river processes. Flood plains are constructive, depositional landforms

created by stream flow and sediment deposition.

[10 hrs]

Karst Landforms

Karst is a term used to describe landscapes that are formed by chemical weathering process controlled by groundwater activity. Karst landscapes are

predominantly composed of limestone rock that contains > 70 percent calcium

carbonate.
[10 hrs]

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Aeolian Landforms

Aeolian landforms are formed by the deposition of windblown sediments. The sediments are generally sourced from deserts, glacial deposits, rivers, or

coastal shorelines

[10 hrs]

Coastal Landforms

Coastal landforms include a diverse array of shoreline and near-shoreline features, as well as some coastal plain landforms far removed from the modern ocean by long term sea-level changes. This section will explore both constructive and destructive landforms formed by current coastal processes, as well as marine related landforms that were formed during periods of higher sea level.

[10 hrs]

Learning and Teaching Strategies				
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials.			

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)	6.4	Structured SWL (h/w)	_	
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	6.1	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	_	
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	61	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5	
Total SWL (h/sem)		425		
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل				

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)					
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري				
	Material Covered				
Week 1	Introduction of Geomorphology				

Week 2	Topography
Week 3	Constructive and Destructive Processes
Week 4	Genetic Landform Classification
Week 5	Orogenesis
Week 6	Fractures and Joints
Week 7	Volcanic Landforms: Extrusive Igneous
Week 8	Lava Domes
Week 9	Volcanic Landforms: Intrusive Igneous
Week 10	River Systems and Fluvial Processes
Week 11	Mountain Streams
Week 12	Flood plains
Week 13	Karst Landforms
Week 14	Aeolian Landforms
Week 15	Coastal Landforms

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)					
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر				
Lab	Material Covered				
Week 1	Lab 1: Methods of studying Geomorphology				
Week 2	Lab 2: Topography				
Week 3	Lab 3: Constructive and Destructive Processes				
Week 4	Lab 4: Genetic Landform Classification				
Week 5	Lab 5: Orogenesis				

Week 6	Lab 6: Fractures and Joints
Week 7	Lab 7: Volcanic Landforms: Extrusive Igneous
Week 8	Lab 8: Lava Domes
Week 9	Lab 9: Volcanic Landforms: Intrusive Igneous
Week 10	Lab 10: River Systems and Fluvial Processes
Week 11	Lab 11: Mountain Streams
Week 12	Lab 12: Flood plains
Week 13	Lab 13: Karst Landforms
Week 14	Lab 14: Aeolian Landforms
Week 15	Lab 15: Coastal Landforms

Learning and Teaching Resources				
	مصادر التعلم والتدريس			
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts				
	INTRODUCTION TO MINERALOGY AND PETROLOGY S. K. HALDAR			
Recommended Texts	Emeritus Scientist, Dept. of Applied Geology & Environmental System Management, Presidency University, Kolkata-700 073, and IMX Resources Limited, Australia. Formerly, Hindustan Zinc Limited, Hindustan Copper Limited, ESSO INC and BIL Infratech Ltd, India. JOSIP Formerly Professors, Head, Director, President and Dean, Department of Mining, Geology and Petroleum Engineering,	No		
Websites	University of Zagreb, Croatia Geology.com			

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
(66 266)	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title		Paleontology		Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠Theory	
Module Code		GEO23017			□Lecture ⊠Lab	
ECTS Credits		5			☐Tutorial ☐Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)		125				
Module Level		2	Semester of Delivery 3		3	
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	COS		
Module Leader	Salah Ali Hussa	ain	e-mail	Dr.salal	n@uodiyala.edu.	iq
Module Leader's A	Acad. Title	Professor	Module Lea	ader's Qu	ıalification	Ph.D.
Module Tutor	ule Tutor None e-mail		None			
Peer Reviewer Name		Abdelratha M.	e-mail	abdalratha.sahaab@uodiyala.edu.iq		diyala.edu.iq
Scientific Committee Date	tee Approval	10/2/2025	Version Nu	Number 1.0		

Relation with other Modules							
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى						
Prerequisite module	None	Semester					
Co-requisites module	None	Semester					

Modu	Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية					
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	 9. Students will be able to reconstruct the biological traits of extinct organisms. 10. Students will be able to interpret the modes of life of fossil organisms. 11. Students will be able to reconstruct the taphonomic history of a given fossil or fossil assemblage. 12. Students will be able to use the principles of taphonomy to predict what an "entire" community would have looked like based on preserved fauna. 13. Students will be able to determine evolutionary relationships among a set of organisms. 14. Students will be able to gather and analyze phylogenetic information. 15. Students will be able to design a phylogeny of familiar objects, imaginary fossils, or real organisms. 					
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	 16. Recognize, interpret and explain the geological, climatic and environmental processes that have shaped present-day landscapes and habitats. 17. Outline the major phases in the evolution of life on earth and describe key events as preserved in the fossil record. 18. Describe the evolution of major groups of organisms and identify the anatomical links between extinct and living life forms. 					
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Introduction and Paleontology and nature of fossils Paleontology is the study of the remains of animals and plants which existed prior to the present time. [15 hrs] Sponges The sponges are aquatic, dominantly marine invertebrates, which are ranked next above protozoans in classification [15 hrs] Coelenterates The coelenterates are aquatic invertebrates of highly varied form which are the most simply organized animals having well-developed body tissues. [10 hrs]					
	Bryozoans The invertebrates called bryozoans are aquatic animals, of which the great majority live in the sea and only a few kinds inhabit freshwaters. [15 hrs]					

Brachiopods

One of the chief divisions of invertebrate fossils consists of the Brachiopoda. [10 hrs]

Mollusks

The name Mollusca (Mollusca, soft- bodied) are one of the main groups of invertebrates, especially from the standpoint of paleontological study, is the assemblage contained in the phylum Mollusca. [15 hrs]

Cephalopods

Most of the animals discussed previously are sessile or relatively slow-moving invertebrates, crawling on the bottom or drifting about at the mercy of waves and currents. [15 hrs]

Pelecypods

The pelecypods are a division of mollusks which stands rather well apart from others in having a skeletal covering that consists of two calcareous valves.. [15 hrs]

Arthropods

Animals called arthropods (arthro, joint; pod, foot) are invertebrates of highly varied form, distinguished primarily by a segmented organization of the body and the possession of a hardened external covering. [15 hrs]

Learning and Teaching Strategies						
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم						
Strategies	Students will learn the basic concepts in lectures and apply these concepts in practical classes involving maps, seismic sections, and outcrop and subsurface log information. Previous field courses will be made explicit reference to in order to provide linkage from the field to the class.					

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	Structured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4.2		
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	61	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4		
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل		125			

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تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning
		•	,		Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative assessment	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري

	Material Covered
Week 1	Introduction to paleontology and nature of fossils
Week 2	Type of preservation Unaltered Soft and hard Parts
Week 3	Type of preservation - Altered hard Parts
Week 4	Type of preservation Altered hard Parts
Week 5	Sponge
Week 6	Coelenterates
Week 7	Mid-term Exam
Week 8	Bryozoans
Week 9	Brachiopoda
Week 10	Brachiopoda
Week 11	Gastropoda
Week 12	Pelecypoda
Week 13	Cephalopoda
Week 14	Arthropoda
Week 15	Arthropoda
Week 16	Preparatory week before the final Exam

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)					
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر					
	Material Covered					
Week 1	Introduction to paleontology and nature of fossils					

Week 2	Type of preservation Unaltered Soft and hard Parts
Week 3	Type of preservation - Altered hard Parts
Week 4	Type of preservation Altered hard Parts
Week 5	Sponge
Week 6	Coelenterates
Week 7	Mid-term Exam
Week 8	Bryozoans
Week 9	Brachiopoda
Week 10	Brachiopoda
Week 11	Gastropoda
Week 12	Pelecypoda
Week 13	Cephalopoda
Week 14	Arthropoda
Week 15	Arthropoda
Week 16	Preparation of final exam

	Learning and Teaching Resources						
مصادر التعلم والتدريس							
	Text	Available in the Library?					
Required Texts	Moore R.C., 1979. Treatise on invertebrate paleontology. Geological Society of America. 594 P.	No					
Websites	https://biodiversity.ku.edu/invertebrate-paleontology/publica	tions					

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جید جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
,	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

	Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية					
Module Title		Geophysics		Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠Theory	
Module Code		GEO23016			□Lecture ⊠Lab	
ECTS Credits		5			☐Tutorial ☐Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)	125					
Module Level		2	Semester of Delivery 3		3	
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	COS		
Module Leader	Munther Dhah	nir Nsaif	e-mail	Munthe	er_hnt@uodiyala	.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Professor	Module Leader's Qualification Ph		Ph.D.	
Module Tutor	None		e-mail	None		
Peer Reviewer Name		Abdelratha M.	e-mail abdalratha.sahaab@uodiyala.e		diyala.edu.iq	
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Number 1.0			

Relation with other Modules				
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	Physics , geology	Semester	1,2	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Modu	Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents				
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	 The course aims to equip the student with fundamental theory, and different geophysical methods that are used currently in different applications The module will equip students with experience in a range of geophysical methods, carrying out surveys and associated data analysis and interpretation. How the various methods can be integrated will also be explored. 				
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة	On completion of this course, the student will be able to: 1- understand the basic principles of different geophysical methods 2- Gain practical experience and understanding of some geophysical survey techniques in the field. 3-Use of Integrated Geophysical Methods				
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Indicative content includes the following. introduction on the theoretical fundamentals of geophysics, overview of the geophysical techniques, definition of sensitivity and resolution and applicability of the methods. Planning of a geophysical survey: Gravimetric method: Introduction on the physical principles of gravity, gravity measurements, ellipsoid and geoid, gravimetric anomalies and main corrections, interpretative methods, regional and local fields, anomalies due to bodies of different geometries, determination of depth and mass, hints to direct and inverse modelling, fields of application and limitations, study examples. Geomagnetic method: Introduction on the physical principles of geomagnetism, magnetic properties of rocks and minerals, Earth's magnetic field and variations, measurement tools and techniques, data processing and interpretation principles, modelling of anomalies due to bodies of different geometries and magnetic properties, determination of body depth, comparison with gravimetric method, fields of application and limitations, study example . [15 lecture]				

	Learning and Teaching Strategies				
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم					
Strategies	 lectures are given to transfer the course material to the student in a simple and clear way discussion will be open at each class to help students express their thoughts and ideas, and to improve their communication skills students will be given group assignments to do team and individual research work to broaden their knowledge and put into practice the different theories and concepts covered in the lectures. 				

Stu	Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem)		Structured SWL (h/w)			
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4.2		
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	6.1	Unstructured SWL (h/w)			
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	61	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4		
Total SWL (h/sem)		125			
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل					

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome	
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11	
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7	
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All	
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10	
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7	
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All	
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)			

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المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري

	Material Covered
Week 1	Introduction to geophysics, classification, important and application of geophysical methods.
Week 2	Basic principles of Gravity method. Gravity survey design, Methods of correction gravity data
Week 3	Regional and residual anomaly, methods of separation anomaly,
Week 4	Density and methods of density determination
Week 5	Methods of interpretation
Week 6	Methods of interpretation
Week 7	Mid-term Exam

Week 8	Magnetic methods, Basic principles Types of magnetization
Week 9	Magnetic field, theories on origin of magnetic field, Geomagnetic Field Elements
Week 10	Components of the magnetic field , Temporal variations of magnetic field
Week 11	Magnetic survey design, Methods of correction, Factors influence magnetic anomaly shape
Week 12	Introduction to electrical methods, Basic principles
Week 13	Electrodes Configuration(Electrodes Arrangements).
Week 14	Field Techniques of Measurements
Week 15	presentation and interpretation of resistivity data
Week 16	Preparatory week before the final Exam

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)		
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر		
	Material Covered		
Week 1	Units and converting methods		
Week 2	International gravity equation		
Week 3	Gravity corrections		
Week 4	Gravity corrections		
Week 5	Bouger anomaly map		
Week 6	Regional and residual anomaly		
Week 7	Methods of separation anomaly		
Week 8	Mid-term Exam		
Week 9	Magnetic storms		
Week 10	Diurnal corrections		
Week 11	Presentation of Horizontal profiling data		

Week 12	Qualitative Interpretation
Week 13	Calculation of geometric factor
Week 14	Presentation of VES data (three layer
Week 15	Presentation of VES data (type of resistivity curves)
Week 16	Preparation of final exam

Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts	 Dobrin and Savit,1988,Introduction to geophysical prospecting Kearey ,Brook,1984,An Introduction to geophysical prospecting Parasnis,1986, Principles of applied geophysics Reynolds , 1997,An introduction to Applied and environmental Geophysics 	No		
Websites				

Grading Scheme						
مخطط الدرجات						
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition		
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance		
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors		
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors		
(D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings		
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria		
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded		
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required		

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	C	Optical mineralogy		Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠ Theory	
Module Code	GEO24119				□ Lecture ⊠ Lab	
ECTS Credits		6			☐ Tutorial ☐ Practical ☐ Seminar	
SWL (hr/sem)	(hr/sem) 150					
Module Level		2	Semester of Delivery 2		2	
Administering De	partment	GEO	College	Science collage		
Module Leader	Muaiad Tahir	Ahmed	e-mail	E-mail	muaiad.tahir@	uodiyala.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Assistant Professor	Module Lea	Module Leader's Qualification M.SC.		M.SC.
Module Tutor	dule Tutor Name (if available) e-mail E-mail					
Peer Reviewer Name Name		Name	e-mail	e-mail E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	mber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules				
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	GEO1218	Semester	2	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents				
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية			
	This course is designed to achieve the general objectives in the form of outputs that the student is supposed to acquire after successfully completing the course, as follows:			
Module Objectives	1. The student learned about the different types of minerals using a polarizing microscope, based on their optical properties resulting from their interaction with light.			
أهداف المادة الدراسية	2. Identify the types of interference forms and the classification of minerals on their basis.			
	3. Identify the occurrence of important minerals and their distribution on the three types of rocks and how to differentiate between minerals within the same rock sample.			
	4. The student learns the systematic methods of studying minerals and their textures using a polarizing microscope.			
	Through the student's study of the mineral optics course, it is assumed that a number of cognitive, intellectual and practical outputs will be achieved, as follows:			
	A. Knowledge and understanding			
	After studying this course, it is assumed that the student has understood and recognized the basic facts and information related to the optical properties of minerals and their applications, in particular the following:			
	1 Learn the basics of mineral optics as a basis for the study of minerals and rocks.			
Module Learning	2 Learn the techniques of the plane stage in the polarizing microscope in the study of transparent minerals.			
Outcomes	3 Learn the petrographic characteristics of rock-forming minerals as a basis for rock petrology.			
مخرجات التعلم للمادة	4 Learn the systematic methods of studying minerals and their textures using a polarizing microscope and linking the relationship between the crystalline and chemical structure with the optical properties of minerals.			
ر. الدراسية	B. Mental skills			
	By passing this course, the student is supposed to have acquired the following mental skills:			
	1 Understand the relationship between the internal (crystalline), chemical and optical structure of minerals and their distribution.			
	2 Understanding and interpreting histological relationships and mineral assemblies under the microscope.			
	3 Compare the change in the optical properties with the change in the crystal system and the chemical composition.			
	4 Understand systematic methods for identifying unknown transparent minerals.			
	Indicative content includes the following.			
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	• Introduction of Mineral Optics [5 hrs] Optical mineralogy involves studying rocks and minerals by studying their optical properties. Today, most optical mineralogy involves examining thin sections with a petrographic microscope. Petrographic microscopes have polarized light sources that illuminate a thin section.			
	polarizing microscope [7 hrs]			

Polarizing microscopes are also referred to as petrology or geology microscopes. Polarizing light is used with either transmitted and/or reflected light to view chemicals, rocks and minerals. When viewing rocks and minerals thin sections of the sample are mounted on a slide for examination.

• Plane polarized and cross polarized Light-Isotropic [8 hrs]

Without the upper polarizer, we see a sample in plane-polarized light, also called PP light. With the upper polarizer, we see it in cross-polarized light, also called crossed polars or XP light. Grain size, shape, color, cleavage, and other physical properties are best revealed in PP light.

- Anisotropic Minerals Behavior of minerals in cross polarized light [7 hrs] anisotropic mineral: A mineral with more than one principal refractive index. birefringence: The mathematical difference between the largest and smallest refractive index for an anisotropic mineral. biaxial mineral: A mineral with three principal refractive indices and two optic axes.
- Birefringence Uniaxial and Biaxial minerals [8 hrs]
 Birefringence is the phenomenon exhibited by certain materials in which an incident ray of light is split into two rays, called an ordinary ray and an extraordinary ray, which are plane-(linear)

split into two rays, called an ordinary ray and an extraordinary ray, which are plane-(linear) polarized in mutually orthogonal planes, or circular-polarized in opposite directions (left and right).

- Uniaxial Indicatrices Orientation of indicatrices as per the section [10 hrs] In uniaxial crystals, the optic indicatrix is an ellipsoid of revolution (with two main axes and a circular horizontal plane). The direction of the optic axis (vertical axis or "c" axis) coincides with the direction of the axis with greatest crystalline symmetry (quaternary axis).
 - Biaxial Indicatrices Orientation of indicatrices as per the section [10 hrs]

The biaxial indicatrix has three principle axes, labeled α , β , and γ . Directions that have refractive indices between α and β , are referred to as α' . Directions with refractive indices between γ and β are referred to as γ' . Note that the β direction also must occur in the plane that includes α and γ .

- Interference of light waves Passage of light through doubly refracting minerals [8 hrs] Double refraction, or birefringence, occurs in optical mineralogy when plane-polarized light passes through an anisotropic mineral and emerges as two rays traveling at different speeds, the difference between which is characteristic of a mineral.
 - Generation of interference colors [7 hrs]

The interference color is produced when the retardation between the waves of the crystal is equal to a whole number of wavelengths corresponding to its complementary colour.

- Conoscopic or convergent polarized light Generation of Uniaxial [10 hrs] Conoscopic interference is generated when crystals are viewed between crossed polarizers with converging monochromatic light.
- interference figures Forms of interference figures related to sections [8 hrs] Interference figures are a technique which can be used to help identify minerals using a polarizing light microscope. In this chapter, we explore the practical aspects of obtaining and interpreting interference figures and other related observations.
 - Generation of Biaxial interference figures Forms of interference figures related to sections [8 hrs]

Biaxial interference figures are most useful for the determination of optic sign and estimation of the 2V angle, both of which are useful diagnostic properties of biaxial minerals.

• Optical accessories like mica, gypsum and quartz plates - Determination of Optic sign of uniaxial and biaxial minerals [7 hrs]

accessory plate (sensitive tint) In optical microscopy, a plate used to determine the optical properties of minerals. Quartz, mica, and gypsum are the common minerals used to determine the slow and fast vibration directions that relate to the two refractive indices of an anisotropic mineral.

• True and apparent optic axial angle, 2V and 2E, - Methods of determination of optic axial angle - Use of Universal stage [7 hrs]

The angle between the two optic axes of a biaxial crystal; its symbol is 2V (less than 90 degrees), $2V_{alpha}$, or $2V_{gamma}$, depending on whether the optic direction X or Z is in the acute bisectrix.

- Dispersion of light its effect on interference figures [7 hrs]
 Interference figures are a technique which can be used to help identify minerals using a polarizing light microscope.
- Absorption of light by minerals Scheme of pleochroism [8 hrs]

A pleochroic mineral literally changes color as it is rotated on the microscope stage while viewed using plane-polarized light and is described by the pleochroic scheme.

Learning and Teaching Strategies استراتیجیات التعلم والتعلیم				
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials.			

Module Evaluation	
تقييم المادة الدراسية	

		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)		Structured SWL (h/w)		
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	0.5	Unstructured SWL (h/w)		
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	86	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5.7	
Total SWL (h/sem) 150 الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل				

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري

	Material Covered
Week 1	Introduction of Mineral Optics
Week 2	polarizing microscope
Week 3	Plane polarized and cross polarized Light-Isotropic
Week 4	Anisotropic Minerals Behavior of minerals in cross polarized light
Week 5	Birefringence - Uniaxial and Biaxial minerals
Week 6	Uniaxial Indicatrices - Orientation of indicatrices as per the section
Week 7	Biaxial Indicatrices - Orientation of indicatrices as per the section
Week 8	Interference of light waves - Passage of light through doubly refracting minerals
Week 9	Generation of interference colours
Week 10	Conoscopic or convergent polarized light - Generation of Uniaxial interference figures - Forms of interference figures related to sections
Week 11	Generation of Biaxial interference figures - Forms of interference figures related to sections
Week 12	Optical accessories like mica, gypsum and quartz plates - Determination of Optic sign of uniaxial and biaxial minerals
Week 13	True and apparent optic axial angle, 2V and 2E, - Methods of determination of optic axial angle - Use of Universal stage
Week 14	Dispersion of light - its effect on interference figures
Week 15	Absorption of light by minerals - Scheme of pleochroism

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)			
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر			
Week Lab	Material Covered			
Week 1	Lab 1: Relationships			
Week 2	Lab 2: Questions in relationships			
Week 3	Lab 3: Dispersion			
Week 4	Lab 4: Question in Dispersion			
Week 5	Lab 5: Polarized light			
Week 6	Lab 6: Polarizing microscope			
Week 7	Lab 7:Polarized microscope components			
Week 8	Lab 8: Light Absorption And Color Transmission			
Week 9	Lab 9:Study optical properties of minerals under microscope			
Week 10	Lab 10: Study describing the groups of minerals that form the rocks, which include: ferrous silicate minerals (olivine group - pyroxene group - amphibole group			
Week 11	Lab 11: A study describing the groups of minerals that form the rocks, including: the mica group - the chlorite group and serpentine) - the ferrous minerals			
Week 12	Lab 12: A study describing the groups of minerals that form the rocks, including: the metamorphic and additional minerals - the carbonate minerals that form the rocks.			
Week 13	Lab 13: Thin section of Igneous rocks			
Week 14	Lab 14: Thin section of Sedimentary rocks			
Week 15	Lab 15: Thin section of Metamorphic rock			

	Learning and Teaching Resources			
مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts				
Recommended Texts				

Websites	

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition	
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance	
Success Group (50 - 100)	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors	
	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors	
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings	
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria	
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded	
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required	

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title			Modu	le Delivery		
Module Type	Core				⊠ Theory	
Module Code	GEO24120				☐ Lecture ☑ Lab ☐ Tutorial ☐ Practical ☐ Seminar	
ECTS Credits	6					
SWL (hr/sem)	m) 150					
Module Level		2	Semester o	f Delivery 2		2
Administering Department		GEO	College	Science collage		
Module Leader	Muaiad Tahir Ahmed		e-mail	E-mail muaiad.tahir@ uodiyala.ed		uodiyala.edu.iq
Module Leader's Acad. Title		Assistant Professor	Module Lea	ader's Qualification		M.SC.
Module Tutor Name (if available)		able)	e-mail	E-mail		
Peer Reviewer Name		Name	e-mail	E-mail	E-mail	
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Nu	ersion Number 1.0		

Relation with other Modules				
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	GEO23014 Igneous rocks	Semester	1	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية					
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	To give students a broad introduction to and understanding of geological materials and their creation, destruction, and change via the rock cycle. The focus will be to introduce the main rock-forming minerals (silicates and non-silicates), their structures, chemistry, formation and identification. The main rock types will be introduced (igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic) and explored in the context of their formation and alteration via the rock cycle and associated major Earth processes. The module addresses the science of geological materials at an introductory level and then applies this to mineral and rock-forming processes in the context of plate tectonics. The ability to describe and identify major rock-forming minerals and the major rock types will be a key practical focus of the module.				
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	Students will 1. Know of basic plate tectonic environments on the Earth and their relation to the rock types developed 2. Be able to identify and describe a range of common rock-forming minerals using physical and optical properties, and demonstrate how these collectively make up the composition of a variety of rocks; 3. be able to identify and describe the three rock types (igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic) in hand specimen and thin section and understand their modes of formation; 4. Be able to use geological evidence to test hypotheses about the formation of rock units and therefore constrain their associated environments. 5. Define the characteristics of a metamorphic rock. 6. Discuss the effect of heat, pressure and deformation on rocks.				
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Metamorphic petrology Concepts and theory [5 hrs] Metamorphic petrology covers the chemical and physical work done in natural systems in response to changing physical conditions. Petrogenetic processes such as recrystallization, continuous and discontinuous reactions, mixed volatile reactions and deformation are addressed. • Types of metamorphism and their controlling factors [10 hrs] The three types of metamorphism are Contact, Regional, and Dynamic metamorphism. Contact Metamorphism occurs when magma comes in contact with an already existing body of rock. When this happens the existing rocks temperature rises and also becomes infiltrated with fluid from the magma. • Common minerals of metamorphic rocks [5 hrs] Some different minerals that are common in metamorphic rocks are: kyanite, garnet, sillimanite, andalusite, and corundum. In addition, metamorphic rocks can contain combinations of minerals that would never be found in ingeous rocks, such as quartz and amphibole. • Field observation, petrographic classification of common metamorphic rocks [10 hrs] There are two main types of metamorphic rocks: those that are foliated because they have formed in an environment with either directed pressure or shear stress, and those that are not foliated because they have formed in an environment with either directed pressure or shear stress, and those that are not foliated because they have formed in an environment without directed pressure or relatively				

near the surface with very little pressure at all. Some types of metamorphic rocks, such as quartzite and marble, which also form in directed-pressure situations, do not necessarily exhibit foliation because their minerals (quartz and calcite respectively) do not tend to show alignment .

• Metamorphic facies and facies series [10 hrs]

Metamorphic facies series were defined (Miyashiro, 1994) on the basis of pressure and temperature gradients, both of which are related to the conditions of metamorphism and tectonic setting. Five metamorphic facies series, assigned to three major groups, are recognized.

- Phase diagrams and graphic representation of mineral assemblages [7 hrs] Phase diagram is a graphical representation of the physical states of a substance under different conditions of temperature and pressure. A typical phase diagram has pressure on the y-axis and temperature on the x-axis. As we cross the lines or curves on the phase diagram, a phase change occurs.
- Pro grade and retrograde metamorphism, Metasomatism [10 hrs]
 Prograde metamorphism refers to the changes in a rock that accompany such increasing metamorphic grade. Retrograde refers to decreasing grade as a body of rock cools and recovers from a metamorphic or igneous event, and retrograde metamorphism describes any accompanying changes.
- Deformation textures and textures related to recrystallization [10 hrs]

 Textures are often developed during thermomechanical treatments of alloys and classified into two types: one is the deformation texture caused by a severe deformation process such as cold rolling, and the other is the recrystallization texture caused by a subsequent solution
- Metamorphic reactions, elemental and PT conditions of isograds [10 hrs] Metamorphic rocks form when rocks are subjected to high heat, high pressure, hot mineral-rich fluids or, more commonly, some combination of these factors. Conditions like these are found deep within the Earth or where tectonic plates meet.
 - Regional and thermal metamorphism of pelitic rocks [8 hrs]

(recrystallization) heat treatment.

A pelite (from Ancient Greek $\pi\eta\lambda\delta\varsigma$ (pēlós) 'clay, earth') or metapelite is a metamorphosed fine-grained sedimentary rock, i.e. mudstone or siltstone.

- Regional and thermal metamorphism of basic and ultra-basic igneous rocks [7 hrs] Regional metamorphism is metamorphism that occurs over broad areas of the crust. Most regionally metamorphosed rocks occur in areas that have undergone deformation during an orogenic event resulting in mountain belts that have since been eroded to expose the metamorphic rocks.
 - Regional and thermal metamorphism of impure, siliceous carbonate rocks [8 hrs]

Calcsilicates, metacarbonate rocks dominated by silicate minerals, are produced by metasomatism during metamorphism of carbonate sedimentary rocks.

Calcsilicates may be in zoned skarns that develop adjacent to or around igneous intrusions.

• Metamorphism of Granitoides, Charnokites and Migmatites [10 hrs]

Typically, granitoids occur where orogeny thickens continental crust either by subduction yielding a continental arc or by convergence yielding continental collisions. Generally, the evolution to granitoid magmas requires a thermal disturbance to ascent though continental crust.

The charnockite series originally was assumed to have developed by the fractional crystallization of a silicate magma (molten material). Subsequent studies have shown, however, that many, if not all, of the rocks are metamorphic, formed by recrystallization at high pressures and moderately high temperatures.

Migmatites form under extreme temperature and pressure conditions during prograde metamorphism, when partial melting occurs in metamorphic paleosome. Components exsolved by partial melting are called neosome (meaning 'new body'), which may or may not be heterogeneous at the microscopic to macroscopic scale.

• Plate tectonic and 4 metamorphic processes [10 hrs]

All of the important processes of **metamorphism** that we are familiar with can be understood in the context of geological processes related to plate tectonics.

• Examples of metamorphic rocks in Iraq [5 hrs]

The Iraqi territory is covered mainly by sedimentary rocks, Quaternary sediments and very rare igneous and metamorphic rocks.

Learning and Teaching Strategies استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم			
Strategies	The main strategy that will be adopted in delivering this module is to encourage students' participation in the exercises, while at the same time refining and expanding their critical thinking skills. This will be achieved through classes, interactive tutorials.		

Module Evaluation					
تقييم المادة الدراسية					
	Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome	

	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment		100% (100 Marks)			

Student Workload (SWL)						
۱۰ اسبوعا	الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem)		Structured SWL (h/w)	_			
الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4			
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)		Unstructured SWL (h/w)				
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل						
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	150					

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)				
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري				
	Material Covered				
Week 1	Metamorphic petrology Concepts and theory				
Week 2	Types of metamorphism and their controlling factors				
Week 3	Common minerals of metamorphic rocks				
Week 4	Field observation, petrographic classification of common metamorphic rocks				

Week 5	Metamorphic facies and facies series
Week 6	Phase diagrams and graphic representation of mineral assemblages
Week 7	Pro grade and retrograde metamorphism, Metasomatism
Week 8	Deformation textures and textures related to recrystallization
Week 9	Metamorphic reactions, elemental and PT conditions of isograds
Week 10	Regional and thermal metamorphism of politic rocks
Week 11	Regional and thermal metamorphism of basic and ultra-basic igneous rocks
Week 12	Regional and thermal metamorphism of impure, siliceous carbonate rocks
Week 13	Metamorphism of Granitoides, Charnokites and Migmatites
Week 14	Plate tectonic and 4 metamorphic processes
Week 15	Examples of metamorphic rocks in Iraq

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)				
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر				
Lab	Material Covered				
Week 1	Lab 1: Introduction to Metamorphic rocks				
Week 2	Lab 2: Type of Metamorphism				
Week 3	Lab 3: Regional Metamorphism rocks				
Week 4	Lab 4: Contact Metamorphism rocks				
Week 5	Lab 5: Foliated rocks				
Week 6	Lab 6: Non-Foliated rocks				
Week 7	Lab 7: Metamorphism of sedimentary rocks				
Week 8	Lab 8: Metamorphism of mafic and ultramafic				
Week 9	Lab 9: Thin section regional metamorphism				

Week 10	Lab 10: Thin section contact metamorphism
Week 11	Lab 11: Thin section Foliated rocks
Week 12	Lab 12: Thin section non-foliated rocks
Week 13	Lab 13: ACF <i>Diagram</i>
Week 14	Lab 14: AKF <i>Diagram</i>
Week 15	Lab 15: AFM Thompson diagram

	Learning and Teaching Resources					
	مصادر التعلم والتدريس					
	Text	Available in the Library?				
Required Texts						
Recommended						
Texts						
	Geology.com					
Websites	https://opengeology.org/petrology/13-metamorphism-of-mafic-rocks/					

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جید جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
•	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	Eng	gineering Geolog	y	Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠Theory	
Module Code		GEO24021			□Lecture ⊠Lab	
ECTS Credits		6			□Tutorial □Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)		150			☐ Seminar	
Module Level		2	Semester of Delivery 4		4	
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	COS		
Module Leader	Asem Ahmed	Hassan	e-mail	asem.ahmed@uodiyala.edu.iq		.edu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Professor	Module Lea	le Leader's Qualification Ph.D.		Ph.D.
Module Tutor	None		e-mail	None		
Peer Reviewer Name		None	e-mail	e-mail E-mail		
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Number 1.0			

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester			
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			

Modu	Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents				
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
	To gain knowledge about:				
Module Objectives	19. The basics of Engineering as one of the applied branches of Geology				
أهداف المادة الدراسية	20. Importance of Engineering geology, major aspects of Engineering, and				
المدارية المدارية المدارية المدارية	applications, The role and career paths of Engineering geologists. 21. The physical properties of soils and rocks				
	22. The engineering properties of soils and rocks				
	23. Stress, Strain, Strength, and Deformations in soils and rocks				
	24. Physical state and Consistency of soil.				
	25. The main principles of Site Investigation and soil sampling.26. Geohazards and engineering problems of soil and rocks.				
	11. Define and explain fundamentals about the definition and subjects of				
	Engineering Geology.				
Module Learning	12. Appreciate the role of engineering geology in civil engineering works				
Outcomes	 Explain basic terms about the physical and mechanical properties of rocks and soils. 				
	14. Explain basic terms about site investigation and how to perform field site investigation.				
مخرجات التعلم للمادة	15. Learning how to perform soil sampling				
الدراسية	16. Define the basics of geohazards, impacts, and mitigation methods				
	17. Problem-solving through working on a range of geotechnical problems.18. Learning how to carry out tests to determine the physical and engineering				
	properties of soils and rocks.				
	Indicative content includes the following.				
	Introduction to Engineering Geology, The role of Engineering Geologist, Aspects of				
	Engineering Geology and Applications [15 hrs.]				
	Physical Properties of soils, Water content, Density, Unit weight, void ratio, degree of				
	saturation, etc. [15 hrs.]				
Indicative Contents	Stress, strain, strength, deformations, Engineering Properties of soils, [10 hrs.]				
المحتويات الإرشادية	Physical states of soils, Atterberg limits, Consistency of soils. [15 hrs.]				
	Site investigation, Site investigation stages, geotechnical reports [10 hrs.]				
	Soil sampling and boring methods, Geophysical methods for site investigation [15 hrs.]				
	Geohazards, [15 hrs.]				
	Engineering problems of soils [30 hrs.]				

Learning and Teaching Strategies | מעלים בארים וושלים ווישלים ווישלי

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا					
Structured SWL (h/sem) Structured SWL (h/w) 4.2 الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا 4.2					
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	86	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5.7		
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	150				

تقييم المادة الدراسية							
		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome		
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11		
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7		
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All		
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10		
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7		
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All		

Module Evaluation

Total assessment	100% (100 Marks)	

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus) المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري **Material Covered** Week 1 Introduction to Engineering Geology Week 2 Physical properties of soils and rocks Engineering properties of soils and rocks 1 Week 3 Week 4 Engineering properties of soils and rocks 2 Week 5 Soil states and consistency Week 6 Site investigation Mid-term Exam Week 7 Week 8 Soil sampling Week 9 Geophysical Methods in engineering projects 1 Geohazards 1 Week 10 Week 11 Geohazards 2 Week 12 Geohazards 3 Week 13 Slope Stability Engineering problems of soils1 Week 14 Engineering problems of soils2 Week 15 Week 16 A preparatory week before the Final Exam

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)						
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر					
	Material Covered					
Week 1	Lab equipment					
Week 2	Soil sampling					
Week 3	Moisture content					
Week 4	Lab Soil density					
Week 5	Field soil density					
Week 6	Soil compaction					
Week 7	Specific gravity					
Week 8	Lab 8: Exam					
Week 9	Liquid limit					
Week 10	Plastic limit					
Week 11	Shrinkage limit					
Week 12	Grain size					
Week 13	Soil Classification					
Week 14	Consolidation					
Week 15	Shear test					
Week 16	Preparation for the final exam					

Learning and Teaching Resources					
	مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
Text Available in the Library?					
Required Texts	Engineering Geology by F. G. Bell	No			

Recommended Texts	 Engineering Geology, Principles and Practice by D. G. Price Engineering Geology by Subinoy Gangopadhyay Practical Engineering Geology by Steve Hencher 	No
Websites	https://www.iaeg.info	

Grading Scheme							
	مخطط الدرجات						
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition			
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance			
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors			
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors			
(33 233)	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings			
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria			
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded			
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required			

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	Stratigraphy			Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type		Core		⊠Theory		
Module Code		GEO24122			□Lecture ⊠Lab	
ECTS Credits		5			□Tutorial □Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)		125 Seminar				
Module Level		2	Semester o	Delivery 4		4
Administering Dep	partment	GEO	College	COS		
Module Leader	Salah Ali Hussa	ain	e-mail	Dr.salal	n@uodiyala.edu.	iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Professor	Module Leader's Qualification Ph.D.		Ph.D.	
Module Tutor	None e-mail		None			
Peer Reviewer Name Abdelratha M.		Abdelratha M.	e-mail	E-mail	E-mail	
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Number 1.0			

Relation with other Modules						
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى					
Prerequisite module	GEO-215	Semester	3			
Co-requisites module	None	Semester				

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents						
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية					
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	 27. To examine controls on stratigraphic organisation of sedimentary strata within a time framework. 28. To examine the means by which a time framework can be established in sedimentary strata 29. To examine differences between lithostratigraphy and chronostratigraphy and to communicate formal stratigraphic nomenclature. 30. To introduce the concepts of sequence stratigraphy 31. To enable students to produce well constrained interpretations of the ways in which controlling processes operate to create stratigraphic organization and architecture. 					
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	 32. Appreciate the concept of geological time and the differences between lithostratigraphy and chronostratigraphy. 33. Analyze stratigraphy in terms of space and time and to interpret likely controls on stratal patterns. 34. evaluate the geological controls of stratigraphic development. 35. apply formal stratigraphic nomenclature to the geological record. 36. develop an interpretation of geological history and stratigraphic evolution from a geological map. 37. problem solving through working on a range of data types to produce integrated solutions. 38. Working with others through the sharing of maps and sections in practicals and developing solutions. 39. Learning how to draw a simple to complicate stratigraphic column. 40. Correlate between sections. 41. Draw sub-surface Stratigraphic sections 42. Learning all about cutting and core stratigraphy. 					
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Introduction and Stratigraphic units Stratigraphy from Latin stratum + Greek graphia, is the description of all rock bodies forming the Earth's crust. [15 hrs] Stratigraphic relationships Stratigraphic laws and the effect of tectonic and erosions on starta [15 hrs]					

Lithostratigraphic units - There is a hierarchical framework of terms used for lithostratigraphic units. [10 hrs]

APPLICATIONS OF LITHOSTRATIGRAPHY

Part of the definition of a formation is that it should be a 'mappable unit', and in practice this usually means that the unit can be represented on a map of a scale of 1:50,000, or 1:100,000. [15 hrs]

Biostratigraphy [10 hrs]

Magnetostratigraphy:

The Earth's magnetic field alternates between periods of normal magnetic polarity, which is the field orientation of the present day, and reversed magnetic polarity. [15 hrs]

Subsurface Stratigraphy and Sedimentology - Geologists usually learn the principles of sedimentology and stratigraphy from outcrop relationships in the field, but many will work with subsurface data if they are employed as professional geoscientists. [15 hrs]

Borehole stratigraphy

Data from these sources can provide some indicators of the lithologies in the subsurface, but a full geological picture can be obtained only by the addition of information on lithology and facies. This can be provided by drilling boreholes through the succession and either taking samples of the rocks. [30 hrs]

Learning and Teaching Strategies					
استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم					
Strategies	Students will learn the basic concepts in lectures and apply these concepts in practical classes involving maps, seismic sections, and outcrop and subsurface log information. Previous field courses will be made explicit reference to in order to				

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا						
Structured SWL (h/sem) Structured SWL (h/w) 64 الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا						
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	61	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4			
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	125					

Module Evaluation

تقييم المادة الدراسية

					Relevant Learning
		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Outcome
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	3 and 12	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	5 and 8	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
assessment	Projects / Lab.	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)

المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري

	Material Covered
Week 1	Introduction to stratigraphy and sedimentary rocks
Week 2	Geological time units and Geologic time scale
Week 3	Stratigraphic units
Week 4	Stratigraphic relationships
Week 5	Lithostratigraphic units and facies
Week 6	APPLICATIONS OF LITHOSTRATIGRAPHY
Week 7	Mid-term Exam
Week 8	Biostratigraphy and classification of organisms
Week 9	Magnetostratigraphy
Week 10	Subsurface Stratigraphy
Week 11	Processing of seismic reflection data
Week 12	Interpretation of seismic reflection data:
Week 13	Borehole stratigraphy
Week 14	Borehole cuttings
Week 15	Core
Week 16	Preparatory week before the final Exam

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)			
	المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر			
	Material Covered			
Week 1	Lab 1: Stratigraphic units and rock symbols			

Week 2	Lab 2: Stratigraphic relationships and unconformities
Week 3	Lab 3: Stratigraphic relationships and included fragments
Week 4	Lab 4: Time-ordering of geologic events
Week 5	Lab 5: Time-ordering of geologic events
Week 6	Lab 6: Drawing a stratigraphic section
Week 7	Lab 7: Drawing a stratigraphic section and correlation
Week 8	Lab 8: Exam
Week 9	Lab 9: LATERAL FACIES CHANGES
Week 10	Lab 10: LATERAL FACIES CHANGES and Walther law
Week 11	Lab 11: LATERAL FACIES CHANGES and Transgression
Week 12	Lab 12: LATERAL FACIES CHANGES and Regression
Week 13	Lab 13: LATERAL FACIES CHANGES and MFS
Week 14	Lab 14: Subsurface section drawing
Week 15	Lab 15: Subsurface section and faults effect
Week 16	Preparation of final exam

Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس					
	Text	Available in the Library?			
Required Texts	Koutsoukos E.A.M., 2005. Applied Stratigraphy. Springer. 486 P.	Yes			
Recommended Texts	Nichols G., 2009. Sedimentology and Stratigraphy. Blackwell Publishing. 432 P.	No			
Websites	http://www.agiweb.org/nacsn/code2.html				

Grading Scheme

مخطط الدرجات

Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
Success Group	B - Very Good	جید جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
(50 - 100)	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
(00 200)	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	Sedimentology			Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		Core			⊠Theory	
Module Code		GEO24123 GEO24123			□Lecture ⊠Lab	
ECTS Credits		5			☐Futorial ☐Practical	
SWL (hr/sem)		125				
Module Level		2	Semester of Delivery 4		4	
Administering De	partment	GEO	College	cos		
Module Leader	Kareem Husse	in Khwedim	e-mail	kkhwedim@uodiyala.edu.iq		lu.iq
Module Leader's	Acad. Title	Professor	Module Leader's Qualification Ph.		Ph.D.	
Module Tutor None		e-mail		None		
Peer Reviewer Name		Abdalratha M. Sahaab	e-mail Abdalratha.sahaab@uodiyala.e		diyala.edu.iq	
Scientific Committee Approval Date		10/2/2025	Version Number 1.0			

Relation with other Modules				
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module		Semester		
Co-requisites module		Semester		

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	 43. Describe how sediments and sedimentary rocks are formed through transport and deposition, with a basic insight into diagenesis and petroleum geology. 44. Identify the main types of sedimentary rocks, textures, ichnofacies and sedimentary structures, and able to reflect on the implications of their formation. 45. Describe the most important characteristics of continental and marine sedimentary environments. 46. Understand stratigraphic principles such as lithostratigraphy, biostratigraphy, chronostratigraphy and sequence stratigraphy. 47. interpretation of ancient environmental conditions in sediment source areas and depositional sites. 48. Study the constituents, textures, structures, and fossil content of the deposits laid down in different geological environments. By these means the students can differentiate between continental and marine deposits of the geologic record. 				
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	 Understanding how the sediments weathered, transport, and deposited. An appreciation of the way in which Clastic Sedimentology and Petrography relates to other aspects of Petroleum Geosciences and the Earth sciences. Study the types of Clastic sedimentary rocks. Understand theoretical concepts in Clastic Sedimentology and relate these to specific problems or questions. Work safely in the Field and assess related safety issues. Undertake practical experimental work using appropriate equipment and instruments. Apply basic knowledge of practical approaches. Manage and manipulate numerical data from laboratory work and work 				
	productively with others in group laboratory experiments.				
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Indicative content includes the following: - Introduction The sedimentary cycle, Biological Weathering and Soil Formation, physical weathering, Chemical Weathering, Physical properties of particles. [15 hrs]				
	- <u>Methods of Particle Analysis</u>				

Interpretation of Particle Size Analyses, Porosity and Permeability, Direct and Indirect methods of porosity measurement, Direct method of permeability measurement. [15 hrs]

- Primary or Depositional Porosity

Secondary or Postdepositional Porosity, Transportation and Sedimentation, Stokes' law. [10 hrs]

- Aqueous processes

Unidirectional Traction Currents, Bidirectional Tractional Currents, Sedimentation from High and low-Density Turbidity Currents. [15 hrs]

- <u>Eolian processes</u>. [10 hrs]

- Glacial processes

Gravitational processes, rock fall, slides and slumps, mass flows. [15 hrs]

- The sedimentary structures

Biogenic sedimentary structures, Primary inorganic sedimentary structures, Predepositional (Interbed) Structures. [15 hrs]

- Syndepositional (Intrabed) Structures

Massive Bedding, Flat-Bedding, Cross-Bedding, Ripples and Cross-Lamination, Post depositional Sedimentary Structures, Vertical Plastic Deformational Structures, Slumps and Slides, Miscellaneous Structures, Rain Prints, Salt Pseudomorphs, Desiccation Cracks, Synaeresis Cracks, Sand Dikes. [30 hrs]

Learning and Teaching Strategies

استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم

Strategies

This module has both theoretical and practical examination which form the summative assessments. Part of the summative assessments (continuous exams) are during the semester and another part is at the end of the semester.

Student Workload (SWL)				
الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem)	- 1	Structured SWL (h/w)	4.0	
الحمل الدر اسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	64	الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4.2	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem)	61	Unstructured SWL (h/w)	4	
الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	01	الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	4	
Total SWL (h/sem)	12-			
الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل		125		

تقييم المادة الدراسية **Relevant Learning** Time/Number Weight (Marks) Week Due Outcome Quizzes 2 10% (10) 4 and 13 LO #3, #4 and #10, #12 3 10% (10) 2, 6 and 10 LO #2, #5 and #6, #9 Assignments **Formative** assessment Projects / Lab. 1 10% (10) Continuous ΑII Report 1 10% (10) 14 LO #4, #8 and #12

Module Evaluation

Summative	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	8	LO #1 - #6
assessment	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)				
المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري					
	Material Covered				
Week 1	Introduction				
Week 2	The sedimentary cycle				
Week 3	Chemical weathering				
Week 4	Chemical Weathering				
Week 5	Interpretation of Particle Size Analyses				
Week 6	Measurements of Porosity and Permeability				
Week 7	Secondary or Post depositional Porosity				
Week 8	Secondary or Post depositional Porosity				
Week 9	Aqueous Processes				
Week 10	Sedimentation from Low-Density Turbidity Currents				
Week 11	Gravitational Processes				
Week 12	Primary Inorganic Sedimentary Structures				
Week 13	Syndepositional (Intrabed) Structures				
Week 14	Cross-Bedding, Slumps and Slides				
Week 15	Miscellaneous Structures				
Week 16	Preparatory week before the final Exam				

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)				
المنهاج الاسبوعي للمختبر				
	Material Covered			
Week 1	Lab 1: Introduction			
Week 2				
Week 3	Lab 2- 5: Grain size analysis ((Mechanical Analysis) of Terrigenous Clastic sediments),			
Week 4	Gravel, sand and mud			
Week 5				
Week 6				
Week 7				
Week 8	Lab 6- 10: Size analysis of silt and clay by pipette method			
Week 9				
Week 10				
Week 11				
Week 12				
Week 13	Lab 11- 15: Graphic presentation of size analysis data			
Week 14				
Week 15				
Week 16	Preparation of final exam			

	Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس	
	Text	Available in the Library?
Required Texts	- Selley R.C., 2000, Applied sedimentology, second edition, Academic press, 543p.	Yes
Recommended Texts	- Nichols G., 2009. Sedimentology and Stratigraphy. Blackwell Publishing. 432p.	No
Websites	https://libguides.dickinson.edu/sedstrat/internet	

	Grading Scheme							
	مخطط الدرجات							
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition				
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance				
Success Group	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors				
(50 - 100)	C - Good	ختر	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors				
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings				
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria				
Fail Group	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded				
(0 – 49)	F – Fail	ر اسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required				

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	Baath 1	Party Crimes in	Iraq	Modu	le Delivery	
Module Type		В			☑ Theory	
Module Code	UD24			□Lecture □ Lab		
ECTS Credits		2		Tutorial		
SWL (hr/sem)	50			□ Practical □ Seminar		
Module Level		2	Semester of Delivery		2	
Administering Depa	rtment		College			
Module Leader			e-mail			
Module Leader's Acad. Title			Module Lead	er's Qual	lification	
Module Tutor	Name (if available)		e-mail			
Peer Reviewer Name		none	e-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval Date		11/08/2024	Version Num	ber	1.0	

Relation with other Modules					
	العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester			
Co-requisites module	None	Semester			

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents					
	أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Aims أهداف المادة الدراسية	ارتكب نظام البعث في العراق إبان حكمه عدد أكبير امن الجرائم المختلفة، واختلافها يلزم بيان مفاهيم وتعاريف للطالب ليكون على معرفة ودراية بما يمر به مما لها علاقة بمادة المنه اج، كمفهوم الجريمة وأقسامها، والجرائم الدولية التي حُكِ م عليها قيادات وأز لام نظام البعث وف ق قانون المحكمة الجنائية العراقية العلى ا، وعليها سيكون هذا الف صل في مبحثين، المبحث الأول في بيان مفهوم الجرائم وأقسامها، والمبحث الأخر في بيان جرائم نظام البعث وفق قانون المحكمة الجنائية العراقية العلى السنة ٢٠٠٥ م.				
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة	1- تسليط الضوء على جرائم ما ارتكبها نظامٌ جائرٌ في العالمَ ك له على تعاقبُ الأزمان كتلك التي ارتكبها) نظامُ البعثِ (على صعيدِ العراقِ خاصة ، والمنطقةِ الإقليميةِ عامة ، والعالمَ كلِه شُمولًا. 2- لقد جثمَ نظامُ البعثِ البائدِ على صدر العراقِ والعراقيينَ زُهاءَ أرَبعةِ عقودٍ يستقي سياسة تسلطَ همن رَضاع عُ تاة الطغاة حقبَ التاريخ ك)قابيلَ ، والنمرودِ ، وفرعونَ ، وأبي لهب ، والحجَّاج ، ويزيد ، وهو لاكو ، وموسيليني ، وهنلر (بما يتناسبُ ونشأة رأسِهِ الطاغيةِ وعدقِ الإنسانيةِ) صدام حسين (المقبور ؛ فذاق ويلاتِ بطشِ هذا النظامِ كلُّ مَنِ انتهجَ سبيلَ الحقِ وحُبِ الوطنِ ؛ فرفض النهجَ البعثيَّ العفَ نِ ، واكتوى بنارِ قمعِه مِن صنوفِ الماسي والمِحَنِ. 3- لقد تحصيَّل من هذا الواجبِ التربويّ - التعليميّ) الشرعيّ - الرسميّ(أنَ البعثيّ الجنة وزارية مختصة تعنيَ بوضع منهج يؤثِقُ بعضا من) جرائمَ النظامِ البعثيّ أن العراقِ بيدِ طاغيةِ شيطانٍ بهيأة إنسانٍ فيستحضرون من الطّلاعِهم على أفصائِه ومضامينها ما يجعلهُم على هُدىً يدرؤُون به كلَّ تعمِيةٍ الطّلاعِهم على أفصائِه ومضامينها ما يجعلهُم على هُدىً يدرؤُون به كلَّ تعمِيةٍ إعلاميةٍ تكُلونُ تضليلهم ؛ فيمَنعوُن به كلَّ عمًى.				
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	ارتأت اللّجنة - التي عاش رئيسها وأعضاؤها كافة مُدة الحُكم البعثي المُجرم، وذاقوا مِن وَيلاتِ البَعني المُجرم، وذاقوا مِن المنظومة الأكاديمية الجامعية موضوعي حضورية ، والكترونية أن يأتي هذا المنهج المفررُ على مقدِمة هي التي بين يدي الطالب الجام عيّ ، والقارئ يستنيرُ بها للمضمون المُقررُ على مقدِمة هي التي بين يدي الطالب الجام عيّ ، والقارئ يستنيرُ بها للمضمون كلِّة بدواعي تأليفِه ، ومسوّغات إقراره ، ودوافع تدريسِه ، ثم أربعة أفصل وُظِف أولها لتوثيق) جرائم البعث وفق قانون المحكمة الجنائية العراقية العليا عام ٢٠٠٥ م (، وجُعِل ثانيها لكشف) الجرائم النفسية والاجتماعية ، وآثارها ، وأبرز انتهاكات النظام البعثي في العراق (، وكُرّس ثالثها لتبيين) الجرائم البيئية لنظام البعث في العراق (، أمَّا الفصل الرابع والأخيرُ فقد خُصِيّص ل)جرائم المقابر الجماعية (،ثم خُتِم المنهجُ بملخصٍ الفصل الرابعُ والأخيرُ فقد خُصِيّص ل)جرائم العرضُ له ، والاستدلالُ عليه. لقد تضمن هذا المنهجُ ما جاء مفاتيحَ معرفية بيدِ الطالبِ الجامعيّ يقوَى بها على كلِّ مُرتجَ حَبكَ تَت رواية أكذوبتهِ أيادي البعثِ وإعلامُه المزيفِّ ، وباعت ضميرَ ها أنفسُ ترى أن تبقى إلى رواية أكذوبتهِ أيادي البعثِ وإعلامُه المزيفِّ ، وباعت ضميرَ ها أنفسُ ترى أن تبقى إلى الأنَ ذليلة أسيرة ، وذيلًا تابعاً.				

	Learning and Teaching Strategies				
	استر اتيجيات التعلم والتعليم				
	هذا الواجبِ التربوي - التعليمي) الشرعي - الرسمي (ِ أَنَ تَكُلفَ َ لَجَنة وزارية مختصة تعنى بوضع منهج يؤثِقُ بعضا من) جرائمَ النظامِ البعثي (ِ ؛ ليكونَ مَبصرَ حقيقةٍ يشُرِفُ				
Strategies	تعُنىَ بوضع منهج يؤثِقٌ بعضا من) جرائمَ النظامِ البعثيّ (ِ ؛ ليكونَ مَبصرَ حقيقةٍ يشُرِفُ				
	به الشبابُ الجامعيُّ الحاليُّ على ما مضمَى من حياة عقودٍ مِن حُكمِ العراقِ بيدِ طاغيةٍ				

شيطانٍ بهيأة إنسانٍ ؛ فيستحضرون من اطِّلاعِهم على أفَصُلِه ومضامينها ما يجعلهُم على هُدئ يدرؤُون به كلَّ تعَمِيةِ إعِلاميةِ تحُاولُ تضليلهَم ؛ فيمَنعوُن به كلَّ عمَى.
هُدئَ يُدرِ ؤُونِ بِهِ كُلَّ تَعَمِيةِ إعِلامِيةِ تَحُاوِلُ تَضليلَهُم ؛ فيمَنعوُن بِهِ كُلَّ عمِّي.

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب					
Structured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	30	Structured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	1.5		
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	20	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	0.7		
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	50				

Module Evaluation تقييم المادة الدراسية							
	Time/Num Weight (Marks) Week Due Relevant Learning						
		ber	vvcigit (ivialits)		Outcome		
	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5, 10	LO #1, 2, 10 and 11		
Formative	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2, 12	LO # 3, 4, 6 and 7		
assessment	Projects / tutorial.	1	10% (10)	Continuous			
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO # 5, 8 and 10		
Summative	Midterm Exam	1 hr	10% (10)	7	LO # 1-7		
assessment	Final Exam	2hr	50% (50)	16	All		
Total assessmen	Total assessment 100% (100 Marks)						

	Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)
	المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري
	Material Covered
Week 1	المقدمة /جرائم نظام البعث وفق قانون المحكمة الجنائية العراقية العليا عام ٢٠٠٥ م
Week 2	الفصل الأوَل:

	١,١ . مفهوم الجرائم و أقسامه ا ١,١,١ . تعريف الجريمة لغة و اصطلاحا
	أقسام الجرائم.
Week 3	. الحسام الجرائم. ٢,١. جرائم نظام البعث وفق توثيق قانون المحكمة الجنائية العراقية العليا عام ٢٠٠5
	١,٢,١. أنواع الجرائم الدولية
Week 4	القرارات الصادرة من المحكمة الجنائية العليا
Week 5	الفصل الثاني
	الجرائم النفسية والاجتماعية وأثارها، وأبرز انتهاكات النظام البعثي في العراق
	الجرائم النفسية
Wash 6	٢,١,١ . آليات الجرائم النفسية. ٢,١,٢ آثار الجرائم النفسية.
Week 6	٢,٢ الجرائم اللحسية. ٢,٢ الجرائم الاجتماعية.
	٢,٢,١ عسكرة المجتمع
	. موقف النظام البعثي من الدين
Week 7	انتهاكات القوانين العراقية
	٢,٣,١ صور انتهاكات حقوق الإنسان وجرائم السلطة
Week 0	بعض قرارات الانتهاكات السياسية والعسكرية لنظام البعث
Week 8	٢,٣,٣ أماكن السجون والاحتجاز لنظام البعث
W1-0	الفصل الثالث
Week 9	الجرائم البيئية لنظام البعث في العراق.
Week 10	٣,١ . التلوث الحربي والإشعاعي وانفجار الالغام
Week 11	٢ . تدمير المدن والقرى) سياسة الأرض المحروقة
W1-42	تجفيف الأهوار
Week 12	٣,٤ . تجريف بساتين النخيل والأشجار والمزروعات
Week 13	جرائم المقابر الجماعية
Week 14	جرائم المقابر الجماعية
WCGR 14	أحداث مقابر الإبادة الجماعية المرتكبة من النظام البعثي في العراق
Week 15	EXAM

Learning and Teaching Resources				
مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts	جرائم حزب البعث في العراق	yes		

	النسخة 1 – الطبعة الاولى20023		
Recommended Texts	أرشيف مؤسسة السجناء السياسيين. أرشيف مؤسسة الشهداءأرشيف المركز العراقي لتوثيق جرائم التطرف في العتبة العباسية المقدسةالموقع الرسمي للأمم المتحدةايمن عبد العزيز سلامة ، ال مسؤولية الدولية عن ارتكاب جريمة الابادة الجماعية ، ط ١ ، دار العلوم النشر والتوزيع ، القاهرة ، ٢٠٠٦ -جندي عبد الملك، الموسوعة الجنائية، الجزء الثالث، دار احياء التراث العربي، بيروت، ١٩٩٠ م.	No	
Websites	https://iraqicenter-fdec.org/archives/4224		

Grading Scheme مخطط الدرجات						
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks (%)	Definition		
Success Group (50 - 100)	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance		
	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors		
	C - Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors		
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings		
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria		
Fail Group (0 – 49)	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded		
	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required		